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1 Introduction

1.1 Introduction

For you to get the most out of your Gremo machine as an owner or an operator, it is very important that you maintain and handle the machine correctly.

It is also very important that you familiarise yourself with the performance and the restrictions of the machine.

It is especially important that the owner, the operator and those who service the machine are familiar with the contents of this Instruction Manual and study it thoroughly before starting and driving, or before any preventive maintenance work is done.

The responsibility for start, driving and service belongs to the persons performing these steps! Please make yourself well familiar with the controls and instructions before the machine is used. It is too late to start looking in the Instruction Manual when an accident has already happened.

**NOTICE**

In order to find out about manual updates, it is important to inform Gremo AB of any change of address or owner.
1.2 About the documentation kit

1.2.1 About the Instruction Manual

The Instruction Manual contains important information about your new Gremo machine, about operating the machine, safety when working and the machine’s daily checks. In addition, it offers many valuable tips that facilitate your daily work.

Incorrect use of the machine may result in personal injury and product or property damage. For this reason, read the instructions carefully before operating the machine for the first time.

The Instruction Manual should always be accessible in the machine. If it disappears, a new one must be ordered immediately from the manufacturer.

**CAUTION**

Never operate a machine without an instruction manual.

Refer to your supervisor or the manufacturer if there is anything in the text that you do not understand or if you cannot find what you are looking for.

1.2.2 About the service and maintenance manual

The service and maintenance manual provided with your machine describes service points and measures that are important to follow and carry out in order for your new machine to work smoothly in the future.

1.2.3 About the spare parts catalogue

The spare parts catalogue provided with your machine helps you to easily identify the right spare part. This unique catalogue is also available online.

1.2.4 About the workshop manual

A workshop manual describing in detail extensive repair measures as well as containing wiring and hydraulic diagrams for the machine is available for purchase.

The workshop manual can be ordered from your service dealer or from Gremo AB.
1.2.5 Ordering documentation

Documentation can be ordered from your service dealer or from Gremo AB.

Always specify the machine number and publication number when ordering. The publication number is printed on the lower right-hand corner of the cover.
1.3 Presentation of Gremo 1050F4

1.3.1 General description of the machine

Gremo 1050F4

- is a modern, powerful forwarder that is ideal for thinning and forwarding timber. The forwarder is designed and adapted for forwarding timber, the weight of which does not exceed the machine’s maximum load capacity, from felling site in the forest to the roadside stacking area.

- is driven by a Cummins QSB 4-cylinder, turbo-charged 4.5 litre diesel engine with intercooler and common rail fuel system that complies with stage 3B environmental requirements and is approved for running on environmentally-friendly fossil-free diesel that complies with the requirements in EN 15940, e.g. HVO diesel.

- has a computerised, 2-stage hydrostatic transmission controlled by GreControl with a traction of more than 120 kN.

- has electric/hydraulic brakes with four multi-disc brakes in oil bath in the front and rear differentials.

- has a load-sensing hydraulic system with hydraulically-driven variable fan with reversing option to blow out the coolers controlled by GreControl; the oil is cleaned by a return filter and a microfilter.

- has a 24 volt electrical system with dual 100 Ah batteries.
1.4 Intended area of use

The machine must only be used for what it has been designed and adapted for, i.e. forwarding forest raw materials, the weight of which does not exceed the machine's maximum load capacity, from felling site in the forest to the roadside stacking area. All other use is prohibited.

It is not permitted to rebuild or modify the machine without Gremo's approval.

It is not permitted to operate the machine on public roads if it has not been adapted to comply with national road safety rules.

1.4.1 Improper use

Do not under any circumstances use the machine for anything it is not designed for, e.g.

The crane

• should never be used to lift loads greater than it was designed to lift.
• should never be used to tow or push objects.
• should never be used to lift people.

The machine

• should never be used for anything other than it has been designed for i.e. loading and unloading timber.
• should never be used if any safety feature is out of order, e.g. if any safety sensor is disconnected.
• should never be used if a window is broken or with the door open.
• should never be loaded with weights greater than it was designed to handle.
• should never be parked on a slope, but must always be parked on level ground to prevent the machine rolling away or capsizing.

1.4.2 Prohibited operation

It is prohibited to operate the machine if:

• Protection and warning equipment is out of order or disconnected.
• If brakes or steering system are faulty.
• If there are any unauthorised people or vehicles within the machine’s operating area.

1.5 Operator requirements

• The machine can only be operated by operators with permission from work supervisors and the necessary knowledge.
• National laws and regulations relating to driving licences, operator certificates, etc. must be complied with at all times.
• Operators must be aware of and follow all local safety rules.
• Operators must follow the manufacturer’s instructions.
• Operators must read and understand the machine’s warning and information signs, as well as understand and be able to use the machine’s protection and warning equipment.

1.6 Safety regulations

Each country has its own national and local safety regulations, and it is the responsibility of both the owner and the operator to know and follow these regulations. If the recommendations in this Instruction Manual differ from the national and local safety regulations, then the national and local safety regulations take precedence over the recommendations in this Instruction Manual.

During the design and testing of the machine, a great deal of effort has been made to make the machine safe and efficient. These efforts may be completely wasted if the safety and maintenance regulations are not followed. Accidents are usually caused by humans, not by the machine. A well-maintained machine and a safety-aware owner/operator is a profitable and safe combination.

A Gremo machine meets the requirements of the Machinery Directive and the harmonised standards, plus national requirements and provisions.
1.7 Warning symbols and information about risks

The following warning symbols and signal words are used throughout this manual and on stickers on the machine:

**NOTICE**

Read this important information carefully.

If a number of risks occur simultaneously, this Instruction Manual shows the signal word (DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION) corresponding to the greatest risk.

**NOTE!** indicates that attention should be given to anything concerning safety of the surroundings or the machine or other important information that may facilitate understanding or performance of a particular task.

You can prevent accidents by reading these paragraphs with special care and always following the instructions. Remember that your safety and the safety of others may be affected. It is also the responsibility of the operator to ensure that all warning stickers are in place on the machine and are readable.

**DANGER**

Informs of a very serious hazard which, if not avoided, may be fatal or cause serious bodily harm.

**WARNING**

Informs of a very hazard which, if not avoided, may be fatal or cause serious bodily harm.

**CAUTION**

Informs of a minor hazard which, if not avoided, may cause minor bodily harm.
1.8 Construction of the machine

NOTICE

This Instruction Manual is designed to be valid in several market areas and for most factory-installed equipment. Please ignore the paragraphs which are not valid for your machine. We reserve the right to change and improve the design whenever we find it necessary, without undertaking to implement these changes on products which have already been delivered. We also reserve the right to change data and instructions for maintenance, service, environment and safety without further notice.

1.9 Definitions

In this Instruction Manual, the concepts of ‘front’, ‘rear’, ‘right’ and ‘left’ on the machine are defined according to the principal direction of travel on roads, i.e. the direction the machine travels when it is steered using the steering wheel.

Example: the serial number of the machine is punched on the frame in the front end of the machine, to the right of the engine compartment.

1.10 Environment

The interplay between human beings, machines and the environment can be influenced, and is becoming increasingly important. We have paid attention to this during the design of the machine and the writing of this manual, which has a section relating to this subject. By following these instructions when you drive and maintain your machine, you will show consideration for humans, animals and nature in your environment.
1.11 Location of type plates and serial numbers

Fig. 2 Type plates and serial numbers

1. Type plate for the grapple
2. Type plate for the crane
3. Type plate for the cab
4. Type plate for the machine
5. Type plate for the diesel engine (on the rocker cover)
6. Type plate for the climate system on the right hand side of the radiator
7. The machine's serial number is punched on the front of the right-hand branch deflector.

1.11.1 Serial number

Fig. 3 Serial number
The machine's serial number is punched on the top of the front of the right-hand branch deflector.
1.11.2 Type plate for the machine

The following details are shown on the machine's type plate:

1. Diesel engine's serial number
2. Machine no. XX of XX
3. Machine's total weight
4. Diesel engine's power in KW
5. Machine model
6. Machine's serial number
7. Place of manufacture
8. Country of manufacture
9. Year and month of manufacture
10. Machine's traction in N
11. Maximum axle load, rear bogie in kg
12. Maximum axle load, front bogie in kg
13. Type approval according to:
14. Manufacturer's address
1.11.3 Type plate for the cab

The following details are shown on the cab’s type plate:

![Type plate for the cab](image)

1. Approved according to:
2. Model/Type
3. Serial no.
4. Year of manufacture
5. Weight

1.11.4 Example of crane type plate

The following details are shown on the crane’s type plate:

![Type plate for the crane](image)

1. Model/Type
2. Serial no.
3. Weight
4. Year of manufacture
1.11.5 Example of grapple type plate

The following details are shown on the grapple’s type plate:

1. Model
2. Serial no.
3. Weight
4. Year of manufacture

1.11.6 Type plate for the diesel engine

The machine’s chassis number (engine type and number are normally connected to the chassis number) must be stated when ordering spare parts.

If the engine’s type plate is not legible, the engine’s serial number can also be read from the engine block on top of the lubricating oil cooler housing.

The injection pump is itemised from Gremo AB.

The following details are shown on the engine’s type plate:

1. Engine serial number
2. Engine type
3. CPL number
4. Valve clearance tolerances
5. Power output data
6. Ignition sequence
7. Important information

Fig. 7 Type plate for the grapple

Fig. 8 Type plate for the diesel engine
2 Safety regulations

2.1 General

Operators, mechanics and supervisors are obliged to study and follow the safety regulations and advice given in this chapter.

The machine is equipped with signs, and you should make yourself familiar with the meaning and location of these signs. Make sure that the signs are readable and replace any damaged signs.

Furthermore you shall always follow the laws, statutes or other national regulations concerning traffic safety and occupational safety. Local traffic rules and local workplace regulations must always be followed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARNING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The cab is not intended for passenger transport, which is why it lacks a seat and seat belt for passengers. There is a risk of fatal accident for passengers!</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARNING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The bogie lift can be used as a lifting aid during service and repairs, but always prop up the machine.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARNING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>When you lift or prop up the machine or parts of the machine, make sure that the equipment you use is intended for this purpose, is appropriately dimensioned, and cannot slip or tip over!</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARNING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Risk of serious crushing injury or fatal accident! Always switch off the engine before releasing the cab to tip it up. Never go under a tipped-up cab unless it is propped up. Ensure that the cab is propped up if you need to go under it!</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2 Safety regulations
2.1 General

**WARNING**
Do not leave the cab without first placing the grapple/crane safely on the ground or in the loading platform.

**WARNING**
During all work on the machine, remember the risk of slipping. You should always use a safety helmet, safety goggles, gloves, safety boots, breathing protection and other necessary protective equipment when required.

**CAUTION**
Never leave the machine unattended with the engine running or the ignition on.

Never leave the machine unattended with the ignition key in the ignition lock.

**CAUTION**
Never operate the machine with loose tools, binders, etc. in the cab, as these items may injure you if the machine tips over or brakes suddenly.

Secure them properly.

**CAUTION**
During servicing, the engine and main power switch must always be turned off. In some cases this also applies to fire extinguishing and other electronic equipment.

**CAUTION**
The manufacturer is not responsible for alterations to the electrical system of the machine, if these do not correspond to the original state. The function of the machine’s safety system can be affected.

**CAUTION**
The machine may be operated and repaired only by personnel who have undergone training approved by the supplier.
### NOTICE

For your mobile phone and other portable communication equipment you should always use externally mounted aerials in order to prevent interference with the computers of the machine.

### NOTICE

Never use the main power switch to turn off the machine as this can cause damage to the machine!

### NOTICE

Off-road driving requires a lot of experience before you master the machine. Because of this, you should take it easy until you are familiar with the limitations of the machine.

### NOTICE

Always bear in mind the danger of fire, and keep the machine clean. Check the fire extinguishing equipment as in the instructions.
2.2 Clothing

To prevent clothes getting caught or stuck, clothing should be intact and tight fitting. Do not use loose garments such as ties or scarves because they can get caught in levers and rotating or protruding parts.

Do not wear jewellery as it can conduct electricity or get stuck in moving parts.

Long hair should be tied back properly as it can easily get caught in moving parts. Be careful when working with welders or open flames as hair is flammable.

Always wear gloves, safety footwear, safety goggles, a safety helmet, ear defenders and other necessary safety equipment when required.

2.3 Seat belt

Always use the seat belt.

Replace a damaged or worn seat belt immediately. Order from you nearest Gremo service dealer or from Gremo AB using spare part number 92900100.

Before you start operating the machine, check that there is no one standing close to it. Risk distance 20 m.

Never drive with an open door. The operator’s cab is not a safety cab if the door is open.
2.4 Emergency stop

Check the emergency stop function daily. The emergency stop is the red switch with the yellow plate.

The external emergency stop is located on the right-hand ascent into the machine, and the cab emergency stop is on the left-hand ‘B’ column. When you push the emergency stop, the diesel engine stops and the brakes are applied.

Fig. 10 External emergency stop

Fig. 11 Cab emergency stop
2.5 Emergency exit

The left-hand side window acts as the emergency exit. To open the window, grip the latch handle and turn it upwards until the latch is released. The window can now be opened outwards.

**CAUTION**

Note that the side window must always be unlocked when the machine is operating, to ensure that the operator can be rescued from outside if the machine tips over.

2.6 Emergency alarm

Emergency alarm equipment, e.g. mobile phone or other portable communication equipment, must be available. When you work outside the machine, always take your mobile phone or other means of communication with you.

2.7 Articulated joint lock

**NOTICE**

The articulated joint lock and the brakes are released when the machine starts pulling at about 1,000 rpm. If the crane is slewed at this time, the machine may tip unexpectedly.

The articulated joint lock consists of two hydraulic cylinders which are automatically blocked and lock the mid-section when the machine is stopped. The articulated
2.8 Boarding the machine

Use the ladder, and hold on to the handle on the bonnet, the handle on the cab column and the door handle.

**CAUTION**

Risk of slipping – steps, platforms and chains can be very slippery in cold weather conditions!

**CAUTION**

Always descend the ladder facing the machine. This way you can see and grip the handles. Never jump from the machine.

Fig. 14 Ascent
2.9 Inspection of parking brake

The parking brake is a safety detail and its working order should be checked.

- Place the fully-loaded machine on a slight slope, 10-12 degrees, or a climb of 2 m per 10 m with free rolling movement with no obstacles.
- Stop the machine.
- Engage parking brake.
- Switch off the engine.
- The machine should now be standing completely still without rolling.
- Start the engine and turn the machine around. Repeat the procedure with the machine facing in the other direction.

2.9.1 Manual release of parking brake

**WARNING**

Before starting the work of manually releasing the parking brake, ensure that the machine's wheels are locked to prevent it from rolling.

**NOTICE**

If the parking brake does not release, it may be necessary to manually release it to move the machine.
Manual release of parking brake

The machine’s parking brake can be manually released if a pressure drop in the hydraulic system prevents hydraulic release. The parking brake is released using four release screws, one for each wheel pair. On the front axle they are found on the front of the axle, while on the rear axle they are located on the back of the axle.

1. Loosen the counter-locking nut (B) using a 19 mm hexagon wrench.
2. Screw in the adjustment screw (C) until it engages with the spring unit.
3. Tighten the adjustment screws (C) ¼ turn at a time, alternating between the four screws, until the brakes are released.

**NOTICE**

The adjustment screws (C) can be screwed in a maximum of 1.5 turns to release the brakes.
Resetting and adjustment of parking brake

Reset the brakes by unscrewing the adjustment screws until they turn easily or reach the end stop. Lock the counter-locking nut.

1. Unscrew the adjustment screw so that there is a distance of 34 ± 0.5 mm between the machined surface of the axle and the screw head.

2. Lock the adjustment screw (C) with a counter-locking nut (B).

NOTICE

Fix the adjustment screw (C) in the correct position and lock it with the counter-locking nut (B), then check the distance between the axle and the screw head again.
2.10 Driving

The working speed is set between 1,200-1,500 rpm in the Control System GreControl/IQAN monitor.

As soon as you start to use the crane levers the working speed is activated, and when you release the crane levers the revs reduce to an increased idle after the time delay selected in GreControl. This occurs when the seat is facing backwards towards the crane/gate.

Driving on public roads

When driving on public roads with other traffic, the steering wheel must always be used, and the terrain driving function must be turned off.

Driving speed

A Gremo 1050F is designed to manage a maximum load of 10,500 kg, even on difficult terrain. Off-road driving causes large dynamic forces on the machine. The machine’s own weight, plus the load, increases the stress in its construction if driven carelessly over difficult terrain. By driving gently, with feeling and understanding, you can avoid costly repairs and downtime.

Uphill

When driving uphill, the centre of gravity of the payload is shifted backwards, exerting a lifting force on the front carriage. If the machine is angled severely in this situation, it can tip over.

Downhill

The load’s centre of gravity is moved forward when driving down a slope, and exerts a pushing force on the engine. If the machine is angled severely in this situation, it can tip over.

NOTICE

Never load over the top of the gate!

Overloading leads to worse stability, and during downhill driving the timber may slide over the gate and damage the machine.
2.11 Crane operation

Read the instructions carefully before you operate the crane for the first time. See the sub-supplier’s documentation.

There is a considerable risk of accidents if you start without being sufficiently familiar with the design, function and use of the crane. Ensure that you follow the applicable laws and regulations and that you have full view of the whole working area.

**DANGER**

Standing under the crane may cause danger to life!
Ensure that there are no unauthorised persons within the working area of the crane.
A risk distance of at least 20 m must be observed!

**DANGER**

Never work underneath electric power lines.
There is a large risk that the crane touches the power lines, and this may cause a fatal accident!
A risk distance of at least 10 m must be observed!

**DANGER**

If the machine comes in contact with overhead power lines. Remain in your seat and call for assistance!
Danger!
Remain in your seat. Wait for assistance!

**DANGER**

Never use the crane to lift people. Risk of injury or fatal accident!

**NOTICE**

Do not move the vehicle when the crane is carrying a load, or when the crane boom is slewed laterally.
NOTICE

Observe the lifting capacity limits on the load sign. Never overload.

NOTICE

Never run the hydraulic cylinders towards the end stops at full speed!
Risk of damage to the machine

NOTICE

The articulated joint lock and the brakes are released when the machine starts pulling at about 1,000 rpm. If the crane is slewed at this time, the machine may tip unexpectedly.

NOTICE

During transportation the crane should be put on the load, strapped to the timber. Observe all safety precautions, as there may be power or telephone lines at unexpectedly low heights.

NOTICE

Use the reach to pull the timber towards you, and then lift.

NOTICE

It is prohibited to use the crane for towing timber or other items.
2.12 Parking/storage

- For safety reasons, park the machine on a level surface when it is not to be used.
- Let the machine idle for a minute or so before turning off the engine.
- The ladder is folded down when the switch for the parking brake is put into parking mode.
- Stop the engine.
- Turn off the main power supply.
- Lock the machine!!

Before leaving the machine, always ensure that:

- The machine is parked on a flat surface and not on a slope.
- The parking brake is engaged.
- The machine is completely still without using the hydraulics to do so.
- The engine is turned off.
- The main power switch is turned off.
- The machine is locked and the keys are removed from the machine.

WARNING

For safety reasons, do not park the machine on a slope. There is the risk that the machine will start to move or tip over.
2.13 Trailer transport

DANGER

Major demands are placed on lifting and transport equipment, e.g. lifting chains, hooks, etc.

Danger!

Check the equipment and its capacity, the lifting straps on the machine and the lashing points on the transport vehicle and machine.

DANGER

Overloading of lifting equipment.

Danger!

Lifting equipment must be dimensioned to handle the load. Never walk underneath a suspended load.

- Place the machine centred sideways on the loading platform.
- Affix the machine at the 8 fixing eyelets.
- To lock the mid-section, turn and lock the red stop heels in the mid-section.
- Lock the door.
- Check the height and width of the loaded machine; see the Technical Data chapter in the Instruction Manual.
2.14 Service

Read through the Instruction Manual, note the machine’s warning decals and check the purchasing contract before carrying out any servicing. During the guarantee period, all servicing and repairs must be carried out by personnel approved by Gremo AB.

Rebuilding and/or modifying the machine (mechanically or electrically) is done at your own risk, and Gremo takes no responsibility for the consequences.

Be aware that the safety system may become disabled!

It is the rebuilder’s responsibility by law to document and perform a risk assessment on the design (the whole machine with the modifications).

In respect of welding (see 2.18 Welding Repairs, page 32), Gremo should be contacted if any welding is being considered. Welding can considerably worsen the machine’s abilities and lifespan.

At the slightest uncertainty in conjunction with a repair, it is better to contact Gremo/service provider prior to any repairs being carried out.

⚠️ WARNING

Risk of serious crushing injury or fatal accident!

Always switch off the engine before releasing the cab to tip it up.

Never go under a tipped-up cab unless it is propped up.

Ensure that the cab is propped up if you need to go under it!

⚠️ WARNING

The bogie lift can be used as a lifting aid during service and repairs, but always prop up the machine.

⚠️ WARNING

When you lift or prop up the machine or parts of the machine, make sure that the equipment you use is intended for this purpose, is appropriately dimensioned, and cannot slip or tip over!
WARNING
You are not allowed to service the machine unless you have the correct knowledge to do the work.

CAUTION
Avoid breathing in exhaust gases! The exhaust gases contain, inter alia, carcinogenic substances, aldehydes (which irritate the mucus membranes) and carbon monoxide (which causes headaches and tiredness, and blocks the ability of red blood cells to take up oxygen).

CAUTION
During servicing, the engine and main power switch must always be turned off. In some cases this also applies to fire extinguishing and other electronic equipment.

CAUTION
High oil pressure in the hydraulic system!
Ensure that the hydraulic system is depressurised for service and repairs.

CAUTION
High pressure remains in the accumulators!
When working with brake system: Leave the machine with the ignition on and pump the foot brake until the brake pressure has dropped to zero.
Take great caution when loosening hoses!

CAUTION
The exhaust pipes are very hot and can cause serious burns!

CAUTION
When you are about to change the engine oil, hydraulic oil or transmission oil: remember that the oil may be hot and can cause burns. Avoid contact with skin and note that oil vapours can cause irritation to airways.
CAUTION

Servicing which is not done correctly can present risks. Ensure that you have sufficient knowledge, the right information, the right tools and the right equipment in order to carry out the servicing correctly. Repair or replace broken tools or broken equipment.

NOTICE

When draining oil or fuel you must take measures to avoid spillage. Oil which is dumped freely will cause damage to the environment and may also cause fire. Waste oils and fluids should always be disposed of as hazardous waste at designated waste facilities or handled by an authorised company.

NOTICE

In case of hose breakage: connect the vacuum pump (additional equipment) so that unnecessary oil does not leak out!

NOTICE

Always use Gremo original spare parts.
2.15 Oil leaks

If you cannot rectify the oil leakage yourself, please contact an authorised service dealer or Gremo AB immediately.

2.16 Oils

**CAUTION**

All work where you may get into contact with oil involves a risk of skin trouble, e.g. eczema. The risk is greatest in the case of hydraulic oils, but there is also a risk with other types of oil.

Careful hygiene is therefore always of great importance!

- Use protective gloves!
  
  Wash your hands before putting the gloves on. Protective lotion on your hands will simplify later cleaning.

- Avoid contact with oil, especially hot oil.
  
  If your skin has been in contact with oil, wash immediately with soap and water, or with a suitable washing lotion and water.

- Don’t keep oil-drenched rags in your pockets.

- Replace oil-stained clothes with clean ones.

- Always keep an extra overall easily accessible, not in the machine where it may easily become dirty.

- Cuts and small wounds should be treated immediately

- Avoid breathing oil fumes!

- Wash your hands and arms at every meal break, or as often as possible!

**NOTICE**

Oil drums standing outdoors collect water in the lid, and this water can run down into the oil.

Water-damaged oil results in machine breakdown.

Store oil drums lying horizontally under a roof.
2.17 Batteries

A Gremo can be equipped with wet cell or dry cell batteries. When a dry cell battery is depleted, a diode will illuminate red on the screen, or not illuminate at all. Wet cell batteries must be checked so that the fluid level is above the cells. Depleted batteries must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

When start-up help is required, use corresponding series-connected 24 V batteries and connect them over both batteries’ poles: one battery’s + pole and the other battery’s - pole or earth.

Do not use a start booster. The maximum permitted voltage in the system is 28 V.

Charge the batteries using a battery charger designed for a 24 V system.

2.18 Welding Repairs

NOTICE

Prior to beginning any welding, read this chapter carefully!

• Turn off the main power switch.
• Disconnect the earth cable between the battery and the frame.
• Disconnect the generator’s plus cables.
• Disconnect the fire extinguishing system’s central unit by removing main fuse F57.
• Fit the safety screw in the fire extinguisher tank.
• Connect the ground terminal of the welding equipment as close as possible to the welding location.
• Disconnect all computer cables when welding is taking place near the cab. Engine control, air conditioning system, DASA, GreControl, radio etc.

After any welding, ensure that you reset all the necessary items correctly before restarting the machine.

CAUTION

Heated paint emits poisonous fumes which are dangerous to inhale. Always remove all paint from the welding location!
2.19 If by accident the machine tips over

**NOTICE**

Never carry out any welding repairs on frames, articulated joint or crane without first contacting an authorised service dealer or the service department at Gremo AB.

**NOTICE**

Always bear in mind the danger of fire. Always keep a hand-held fire extinguisher within reach!

**NOTICE**

Remember that welding close to the fire extinguishing system’s detector coil may cause it to burn off and release the contents of the fire extinguisher tank! In order to ensure that the fire extinguisher tank is not accidentally deployed, fit the safety screw. See Other equipment and optional equipment; Fire extinguishing system in the Instruction Manual.

---

2.19 If by accident the machine tips over

**WARNING**

Hold on and don’t jump from the machine while it is moving!

You may get crushed! The cab is the safest place. It is designed to protect you.

**CAUTION**

Never operate the machine with loose tools, binders, etc. in the cab, as these items may injure you if the machine tips over or brakes suddenly.

Secure them properly.

**NOTICE**

Switch off the engine immediately if the machine capsizes. It may seize, or suck in water.
2 Safety regulations
2.19 If by accident the machine tips over

CAUTION

If the machine is equipped with wet cell batteries, there is a risk of corrosive acid leaking from the battery if the machine tips.

If the machine has tipped over onto one side, you should immediately let a Gremo-authorised workshop check the operator’s cab. The protection provided by the cab is impaired if the cab becomes distorted.
2.20 In the event of fire

attempt to drive away from dry areas where there is most scrub.

Then proceed as follows:

1. Stop the machine’s engine using the emergency stop, turn off the ignition or engage the parking brake.

2. Leave the machine.

3. If necessary, put out the fire up with the two handheld fire extinguishers, one in the cab and one on the left-hand side of the crane.

**WARNING**

In the event of fire!
Avoid inhaling the combustion gases since they may be toxic

**NOTICE**

If the fire extinguishing system is triggered or the handheld fire extinguisher is used.
As soon as possible, try to wash the machine with the high pressure washer and an alkaline cleaning agent. The extinguishing agent contains a salt solution which corrodes the engine parts and the cleaning agent removes the binding agent in the extinguishing foam.

If the fire alarm sounds or flashes without you thinking there may be a fire, or if you suspect smoke: stay calm.

Do not engage the parking brake, but evacuate the machine and localise the situation before you initiate the emergency stop on the right-hand side of the tractor at the rear edge of the engine compartment.

For more information, see 12.3 Fire extinguishing system, page 170.

**NOTICE**

Contact an authorised Gremo service workshop, or a service workshop authorised by Fogmaker International AB, for refilling and inspection of the fire extinguishing system.

**NOTICE**

Always bear in mind the danger of fire, and keep the machine clean. Check the fire extinguishing equipment as in the instructions.
2.21 Warning signs

CAUTION

Ensure that warning and information signs on the machine and its components are always visible and readable. Clean dirty signs and replace signs that are damaged, are unclear or painted over.

New signs can be ordered from your service dealer or Gremo AB.

2.21.1 In the cab

Fig. 22 The following warnings signs can be found on the right inside the cab door:
2 Safety regulations

2.21 Warning signs

Fig. 23 Warning sign in the event of fire

**Warning**

This machine is equipped with high pressure systems. Always ensure that systems are not pressurised during all service and inspection.

Fig. 24 Warning sign for high pressure

Fig. 25 Operator information for Fogmaker extinguishing system
2.21 Warning signs

Fig. 26 Operator information hand-held fire extinguisher

2.21.2 On the machine

Fig. 27 The following warning signs for crushing injuries can be found on the right and left sides of the machine:
Warning

Risk of injury by crushing

Do not enter the machine’s operating area

Fig. 28 Warning sign for crushing injuries, moving gate

Art. Nr. 96110207

Warning

Risk of injury by crushing Flexible waist

Do not enter the machine’s operating area

Fig. 29 Warning sign for crushing injuries, moving mid-section

Art. Nr. 96110207
2 Safety regulations
2.21 Warning signs

The following warning signs can be found on the protective cover for controlling cab tilt on the left side of the machine:

**Warning**

**Risk of injury by crushing**

**Always use the safety bar during service and inspection under cab/cover**

Art. Nr. 90110207

*Fig. 31 Warning sign for crushing injuries under cab*
2.21.3 In the engine compartment

The following warning signs can be found in the engine compartment:

![Image of engine compartment with warning signs]

Fig. 32 Engine compartment, left side
1. Warning for rotating objects

![Image of engine compartment with warning signs]

Fig. 33 Engine compartment, right side
1. Warning for rotating objects
2. Warning for air conditioning system

**Warning**

Rotating objects

Always switch off engine during service or inspection

Art. Nr. 90110207

Fig. 34 Warning for rotating objects
2 Safety regulations
2.21 Warning signs

**Fig. 35 Warning for air conditioning system**

1. Type of refrigerant
2. Max. pressure

**NOTICE**

Special authorisation is required by the person refilling the refrigerant in the air conditioning system (observe national and local regulations).
2.21 Warning signs

Art. Nr. 92500458

Fig. 36 Information sign for air conditioning system
1. Year of manufacture
2. Type of refrigerant
3. Amount of refrigerant
4. Type of oil
5. Pressure in bar

2.21.4 On the crane

The following warning signs can be found on the crane:

Fig. 37 Crane danger area

Fig. 38 Permitted load (example)
2.22 Recovery and towing

As the gearbox is not lubricated during towing, the towing speed must not exceed 5 km/h and the towing distance must not exceed 10 km.

If the machine is unable to move by its own power or winch, then it must be salvaged.

Attach the wire or the rope to the appropriate towing eye and pull carefully.

**DANGER**

All towing or winching with cables entails danger to life. If the wire breaks or the hook slips while you winch, it will result in a whiplash effect. The cable may lash at an angle or backwards along its entire length!

Risk distance 100 m.

**WARNING**

There is a large risk of personal injury if substandard towing equipment or incorrect methods are used during recovery/towing. Therefore, always ensure you use towing equipment that can cope with the forces that arise and plan the recovery/towing thoroughly before commencing.

**WARNING**

If the machine has tipped over onto one side, you should immediately let a Gremo-authorised workshop check the operator’s cab. The cab is your best protection, but the protective effect is decreased by a distorted cab.

**NOTICE**

Don’t attach the pulling cable/rope to the operator’s cab if the machine has capsized! The cab might become distorted!

If the machine has capsized, pull it up using wires/straps attached to the anti-skid chains, bogie cases or bunks.

**NOTICE**

If the engine has been submerged in water, an authorised service dealer or the Gremo AB service department must be contacted before the engine is started.

*Fig. 39 Machine’s towing eyes*

1. Towing eye, front
2. Towing eye, rear
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOTICE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>In order for towing to take place, the brakes must first be disengaged, see 2.9.1 Manual release of parking brake, page 20, and the hydrostatic motor disassembled, see 2.22.1 Disassembling the hydrostatic motor, page 46.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOTICE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>You should use the remaining traction of the machine by carefully letting the machine pull, with a reduced setting on the speed potentiometer. Otherwise the brakes will not be released, which results in unnecessary loads on the towing eyes and wire.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.22.1 Disassembling the hydrostatic motor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WARNING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Before starting the work of removing the hydrostatic motor, ensure that the machine's wheels are locked to prevent it from rolling.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Remove the screws holding the hydrostatic motor in place on the gearbox.
2. Pull the hydrostatic motor out of the gearbox so that the shaft is not in contact with the sleeve.
3. Fix the hydrostatic motor so that it is not damaged during towing.

*Fig. 40 Hydrostatic motor*
2.23 Winch

**DANGER**

The winch (optional equipment) is not approved for suspended loads. If a load is hoisted, e.g. by means of a pulley, it is dangerous to stand under the load.

**DANGER**

All towing or winching with cables entails danger to life. If the wire breaks or the hook slips while you winch, it will result in a whiplash effect. The cable may lash at an angle or backwards along its entire length!

Risk distance 100 m.

2.24 Engine and cab heater

**WARNING**

The heater must not be used in enclosed spaces such as garages, workshops, etc. unless the exhaust manifold of the heater is connected to an exhaust removal system.

**WARNING**

The heater must not be used at petrol stations or other places where the use of open fire is prohibited.

**CAUTION**

Risk of fire!

Ensure that you keep the heater and its exhaust system clean, this also applies to the whole machine.

2.25 Anti-skid chains

When putting on anti-skid chains on wheels which have been raised with the bogie lift, never walk under the machine without first having palleted up the wheel, as there is a risk of the machine sinking.
2.26 Bogie tracks

**CAUTION**

Observe the fitting instructions from the track manufacturer.

Remember the risk of getting your fingers or hands jammed.

**WARNING**

The bogie lift can be used as a lifting aid during service and repairs, but always prop up the machine.

2.27 Risk of strain-related injury

In order to avoid that shoulders and neck are exposed to strain during long working periods, you should regularly take micro breaks (a few seconds) and normal breaks (a few minutes). Change of tasks is another possibility to reduce the risk of strain-related injury.

2.28 Noise

The A-weighted sound pressure level at the working location does not exceed 70 dB(A). The reading is based on measurements taken in conjunction with the type approval of Gremo 1050F/1450F. Meets requirements as per VVFS 2003:17 (max 80 dBA in cab).
3 Environment and environmental considerations during off-road operations

3.1 General

Our global environment is strongly affected by the world's increasing level of industrialisation. Nature, animals and humans are exposed daily to high risks when handling chemicals in various forms.

There are still no non-toxic chemicals such as oils and refrigerants on the market. Therefore, anyone handling, servicing or repairing machines must use the tools and methods necessary to protect the environment in an environmentally responsible manner.

No machine system is environmentally-friendly over time without proper maintenance. It is of the utmost importance to follow the safety and environment instructions that can be found in this manual. Also carefully observe the maintenance instructions available and be careful to follow the service intervals. A well-maintained machine uses less fuel and rarely breaks down, which leads to less pollution and better productivity for the owner.

You can help to protect our environment by complying with the following simple rules:

3.1.1 Cleaning

When cleaning the machine you should only use prepared wash areas with oil separators. Avoid using detergents that are hazardous to the environment.

3.1.2 Recycling

Carefully planned recycling of the machine is the basis for correctly ending its life cycle and being able to reuse materials in new products. According to our calculations, more than 90% of the machine's weight is recyclable.

3.1.3 Hazardous waste

Components such as batteries, oils and other chemicals, as well as other items that may be hazardous waste, should be disposed of in an environmentally-safe manner.

Discarded batteries contain substances that are harmful to health and the environment and must therefore be handled in an environmentally-safe manner and in accordance with national regulations.
3.1.4 Oils and fluids

Oils dumped on the ground will cause damage to the environment and may also cause fire. Measures must therefore be taken to avoid spillage when emptying and draining oils or fuel.

Waste oils and fluids should always be taken care of by an authorised company.

Be aware of leaks of oil and other fluids! Repair any leaks immediately.

3.1.5 Air conditioning system

The refrigerant in the cab's air conditioning system accelerates the greenhouse effect if released into the open air. All service work on the air conditioning system requires special training. Authority certification is also required in many countries to carry out such work. When the air conditioning system is scrapped, the refrigerant must be treated by a certified company.

3.1.6 Declarations

The machine does not contain asbestos.

The machine's batteries and wiring contain lead.

R134a refrigerant is used if the machine is equipped with an AC system.
3.2 Environmental considerations during off-road operations

3.2.1 Tips and advice for off-road operations

There are many ways to influence the impact off-road operations can have on the environment. Good planning is a basic requirement toward reducing the environmental impact of forwarding operations, as well as other forestry measures. Development of both small and large scale working methods and new technical solutions can help reduce the environmental impact of operating in forests.

How to conduct off-road operations:

1. **In planning your route, pay attention to ground, water, ancient monuments and other cultural monuments.**

2. **Do not operate in waterways, on the edge of lakes, in water springs or wetlands. Avoid operating directly in conservation areas and do not drive windblown and dead trees.**

3. **Reduce ground damage near waterways by:**
   - Operating as far away from the water as possible.
   - Reinforce the ground where operation is necessary and where there may be a risk of damage.
   - Take advantage of the crane's reach and pile the timber away from waterways. This is also the case when it comes to cultural and ancient monuments.

4. **Crossing waterways and dikes:** Avoid operating over waterways if possible. Consider whether extending the road and building a permanent bridge over the waterway might be a good idea.

   **Waterways:** If a crossing is unavoidable, this should be done at the most appropriate crossing point using technical aids (portable bridges, timber mats, wooden bridges or similar depending on the size and nature of the waterway), preferably without the machine coming into contact with water. The bridge entry and exit ground is protected, for instance, by timber mats, corduroy bridges and branches. Laying timber and branches in waterways should not be the first option when it comes to technical aids.

   **Functional dike systems (does not apply to straightened parts of natural waterways, as these are part of the natural waterway):** The easiest way to avoid damage is, for example, to use portable bridges. It is important that the edges are stable or reinforced to avoid damage that causes sludge release. Timber is only used in exceptional cases to construct a crossing over ditches and it must always be removed afterwards to avoid clogging the waterway. Damage to dike
systems is prevented to protect downstream waterways and maintain the dike's working order. Technical aids are left in place if possible (if they do not block the waterway) or are available to allow future crossing if needed.

5. **Drive around wet and marshy areas, dead peat bogs and conservation areas:** Forwarding operations should take place at a distance that prevents wheel ruts which might affect the water conditions or damage the roots of trees in the conservation area. If there is a need to cross bogs and conservation areas, the ground should be reinforced with timber and branches, or it is best to travel the ground when it is frozen.

6. **Felling in productive peat bogs:** The ground structure and basic conditions place high demands on planning and technology. Forwarding operations are planned so that the inward and outward flow of water is not affected by avoiding crossings over swampy areas, natural waterways and dikes as much as possible. Necessary crossings are carried out according to point 4 above. Basic tracks and access roads are protected and reinforced with timber and/or branches. If possible, use machines with lower ground pressure. There are also band tracks and tyres adapted for peat bog conditions. If possible, felling should be carried out when the ground is frozen.

7. **Forest residues and tree stumps are only harvested to the extent that prevents serious ground damage:** Do not harvest tree stumps in basic tracks.

Source: www.skogsindustrierna.org
4 Instruments and controls

4.1 Cab overview

Fig. 41 Cab overview

1. Steering wheel panel
2. Operator’s seat
3. Left armrest panel
4. Right armrest panel
5. Side panel
6. Switches on side panel
7. Rear panel
8. Emergency stop
9. GreControl warning
10. Fire extinguishing system's central unit
11. Computer (optional equipment)
12. Display for control system
13. Control panel for climate system
14. Timer for the diesel heater
15. Display for vision camera
4.2 Functions at the steering wheel panel

Fig. 42 Steering wheel panel

1. Ignition lock
2. Indicator lamp, off-road steering (yellow light when off-road steering is enabled)
3. Indicator lamp, indicators
4. Indicator switch, horn, full/dipped beam, front window wipers, front window intermittent wiper
5. Indicator lamp, full beam
6. Indicator lamp, charging
7. Brake pedal
8. Steering wheel
9. Latch for steering wheel inclination
10. Drive pedal (see also rear drive pedal)
4.3 Functions on the side panel

1. Driving lights (centre position: parking)
2. Hazard warning lights
3. Food heater
4. Off-road steering mode (activate function on the right armrest panel)
5. Main power switch (30 seconds delay when switching off)
6. Working lights roof, front
7. Working lights roof, sides
8. Timer for the diesel heater
9. Working lights: low sidelight
10. Working lights roof rear
11. Working lights: rear ramp
12. Interior light and removable lamp (outside) (the lamp is stored in the front left side hatch of the cab)
13. GreControl warning light (comes on when GreControl indicates a warning)
14. Computer (operational follow-up and GIS) (optional equipment)
15. Wiper left side window (optional equipment)
16. Wiper right side window (optional equipment)
17. Wiper, rear window (front window) (centre position: interval wiper)
18. Power socket 24 V
19. Power socket 12 V (cigarette lighter socket)
20. Extra switches
21. Extra switches
22. Extra switches
23. Extra switches
24. Extra switches

Fig. 43 Side panel
## 4.4 Left arm rest panel functions

![Fig. 44 Left armrest panel](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1–2</td>
<td>Extra buttons</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4–5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7–8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Winch out</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>Function</td>
<td>Comments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----</td>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Winch disconnection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6/Ind</td>
<td>Green LED</td>
<td>Comes on when winch is disconnected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Winch in</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Windshield wiper, instantaneous</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Gate upright, tall</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Gate folded, low</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Differential lock, front axle</td>
<td>The differential lock is activated when the button is pushed for a short period (0.6 sec.). The function is deactivated by a new short push on the button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13/Ind</td>
<td>Yellow LED</td>
<td>Comes on when the differential lock (front axle) is engaged.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Differential lock, rear axle</td>
<td>The differential lock is activated when the button is pushed for a short period (0.6 sec.). The function is deactivated by a new short push on the button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14/Ind</td>
<td>Yellow LED</td>
<td>Comes on when the differential lock (rear axle) is engaged.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Shift bogie; left-right/parallel</td>
<td>Shifts between the two modes by pushing the button for 1.5 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0) Mode: Bogie; left-right: Buttons 16, 17 and 18 operate the bogie on your right side, while buttons 19, 20 and 21 operate the bogie on your left side.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1) Mode: Bogie; parallel: Buttons 16, 17 and 18 operate both the right and left bogies simultaneously.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15/Ind</td>
<td>Green LED</td>
<td>Comes on when Mode: Bogie parallel is active (1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Irrespective of which way the seat is facing
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Bogie lift</td>
<td>Front bogie wheel on your right side moves downwards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Bogie lift Float mode/activation</td>
<td>Float mode is activated on the bogie on your right side or on both bogies if LED 15 comes on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17/Ind</td>
<td>Green LED</td>
<td>When the lamp comes on, the bogie lift on your right side, or both sides, are activated. The float mode is disabled when it is off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Bogie lift</td>
<td>The rear wheel on your right side moves downwards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Bogie lift</td>
<td>The front wheel on your left side moves downwards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Bogie lift Float mode/activation</td>
<td>Activates float mode function on left bogie.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20/Ind</td>
<td>Green LED</td>
<td>When the lamp comes on, the bogie lift on your left side is activated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Bogie lift</td>
<td>The rear wheel on your left side moves downwards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Left Crane Controls</td>
<td>Controls the crane.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Speed potentiometer</td>
<td>Affects the machine’s speed and pulling power.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Direction selector (switch)</td>
<td>Three settings: ‘forward’-‘neutral’-‘rear’. The machine moves in the direction where the selector points, independently of how the operator’s seat is positioned. If the machine is started in the forward or reverse setting, the direction selector must be placed in neutral before the machine can be moved.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.5 Functions on the right armrest panel

Fig. 45 Functions on the right armrest panel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Right Crane Controls</td>
<td>Controls the crane.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Gear Selector</td>
<td>The Gear Selector has two positions: - towards you = 1st gear - away from you = 2nd gear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Off-road steering lever</td>
<td>Regulated in side, left and right swings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Crane tilt down</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>Function</td>
<td>Comments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Crane tilt up</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Normal speed/off-road speed</td>
<td>Shifts between normal and off-road speed at the touch of a button. See 5.14.7 Example: Pedal filter, page 113 for setting percentage of transmission power in off-road position. Activated by a short push.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 Ind</td>
<td>Green LED</td>
<td>Comes on when Off-road speed is selected (button 12).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Crane operation, seat facing forward</td>
<td>When this function is activated, with a long (1.5 sec) press of the button, the crane can also be operated with the seat facing forward.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13 Ind</td>
<td>Red LED</td>
<td>Comes on when &quot;crane operation seat facing forward&quot; is activated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Articulated joint lock Open/locked</td>
<td>The articulated joint lock is activated with the press-hold function whilst the machine is in motion. It is deactivated by releasing the button. The second function is activated when the machine is at a standstill and the operator gives a brief press, then the articulated joint lock opens. For example, when unloading.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14 Ind</td>
<td>Yellow LED</td>
<td>The light comes on when the articulated joint lock is active, while the machine is being driven forward/in reverse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Wagon drive</td>
<td>Wagon drive is activated with a long (2 secs) press.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15/Ind</td>
<td>Green LED</td>
<td>The lamp lights up when the wagon drive is activated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Blade down</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Float mode Dozer blade active</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17/Ind</td>
<td>Green LED</td>
<td>Comes on when float mode dozer blade active is activated (button 17).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Blade up</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Parking brake</td>
<td>Activate the parking brake when the machine is turned off. The button also controls the ladder and the fire extinguishing system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 4.6 Crane control levers

**Fig. 46 Crane control levers**

**Crane control levers affecting crane**

When the seat is facing rearward (toward the crane, i.e., not in the normal direction of travel) the crane is operated...
by lever 22 (on the left armrest panel) and by lever 1 (on the right armrest panel) as above. The crane can also be operated via the crane controls in the same way when the seat is facing forward (facing the steering wheel, i.e. in the normal direction of travel) if button "Crane operation seat facing forward" (13 on the right armrest panel) is activated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function/Left lever</th>
<th>Right lever/Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Outer boom out</td>
<td>Lifting boom down</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outer boom in</td>
<td>Lifting boom up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slewing counter clockwise</td>
<td>Rotator counter clockwise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slewing clockwise</td>
<td>Rotator clockwise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boom extension out</td>
<td>Grapple open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boom extension in</td>
<td>Grapple close</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 4.7 Functions at the rear panel

#### ID | Function | Comments
--- | --- | ---
1 | Forward pedal | Selects driving direction forward, when the drive direction selector (on the left armrest panel) is in neutral.
2 | Back pedal | Selects driving direction reverse, when the drive direction selector (on the left armrest panel) is in neutral.
3 | Drive pedal | The drive pedal acts on both the steering system’s operational revs and the machine’s driving speed in the following way:
  - if the crane controls are not activated, the drive pedal functions like a regular accelerator pedal.
  - if the crane controls are being used, the preset operating revs are active (e.g. 1300 rpm): when the Drive pedal is activated, it operates like a speed control. In this mode, it interacts with the speed potentiometer (on the left armrest panel) in such a way that the machine’s maximum speed corresponds to the set value on the speed potentiometer. If the Drive pedal is pressed even further, not only will speed increase, so too will engine revs.
4 | Brake pedal |
4.8 Functions on the control panel of the air conditioning system

![Control panel for air conditioning system](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>The temperature is set with these keys and the controlled range is between 16°C and 28°C. If the lower key is set to the coldest position, then the temperature will be set to a minimum and the heat valve will be closed. If the upper key is set to the warmest position, the temperature will be set to a maximum and the heat valve will be open.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Fan speed</td>
<td>Fan speed is set with these keys.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>AUTO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>AC - ON/OFF</td>
<td>Activates/switches off the air conditioning compressor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Air circulation</td>
<td>Selection of outside air or recirculation. Use the recirculation mode only for rapid heating and cooling.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Maximum defrost</td>
<td>This button activates and deactivates Maximum defrost. Push the button once to activate, defrost will then be run automatically for 5 minutes or until the button is pushed again to deactivate. Maximum defrost automatically activates full fan speed, maximum heat and the cooling compressor.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.9 Fire extinguishing system: Central unit

![Fire extinguishing system: Central unit](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Green LED for operation indication, indicates that the alarm panel is supplied with power.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Yellow LED. Comes on when the pressure in the extinguisher tank (pressure &lt;80 bar) or detector cylinder (pressure &lt;14 bar) is too low. If the diode comes on, check the pressure in the fire extinguisher tank.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Yellow LED, comes on if the system is semi-automatic and is off when the system is fully automatic. The extinguisher will not be triggered in this case until the operator carries out an active step, for example, switches off the ignition, gets up out of the chair or engages the parking brake.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Red LED, indicates a fire in the engine compartment (pressure switches 1 and 2 have opened). The extinguisher will be triggered if the system is fully automatic.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 5  | FUNCTION TEST: Press the button marked “TEST”. All four lights should come on and the built-in buzzer should beep.  
If any external alarms are connected, these will also be activated.  
The alternating relay is NOT activated. |
| 6  | Engine shutdown delay button.  
The button can be used repeatedly, but is not enabled if delayed engine shutdown is not connected. |
5 User manual for GreControl control system

5.1 Introduction

This user manual describes the functions in GreControl. The description may be different to the version in the current machine and Gremo reserves the right to make changes without prior notification.
5.2 Unit structure

The control system has a main unit with a colour screen. From here the settings are made and the current information is displayed. To enter data, there are a number of buttons grouped as follows:

**Fig. 50 GreControl, main unit**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function buttons</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Menu selection buttons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Menu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Used to enter the main menu to carry out basic system settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Used to return to the previous page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Used to confirm the current value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Used to close the current page</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.2.1 Language settings

The unit can be set for several different languages. Set the language as follows:

- Press \( \equiv \) to select the main menu.
- Press *Settings*.
- Press *Language*.
- Select the desired language.
- Use \( \equiv \) to return to the previous page or \( x \) to return to the main window.

The language can be changed at any time.

5.2.2 Setting the date

Dates are set as follows:

- Press \( \equiv \) to select the main menu.
- Press *Settings*.
- Press *Date/time*.
- Then press *Date*.
- Set the correct year by pressing + or - and then confirm by pressing \( \checkmark \).
- Set the correct month by pressing + or - and then confirm by pressing \( \checkmark \).
- Set the correct date by pressing + or - and then confirm by pressing \( \checkmark \).
- Press \( \equiv \) to return to the previous page, or \( x \) to return to the main window.

Note that time can also be set in the same menu.

5.2.3 Setting the time

Time is set in the following way:

- Press \( \equiv \) to select the main menu.
- Press *Settings*.
- Press *Date/time*.
- Then press *Time*.
• Set the correct hour by pressing + or - and then confirm by pressing ✔.
• Set the correct minute by pressing + or - and then confirm by pressing ✔.
• Press ❌ to return to the previous page, or ❌ to return to the main window.

Note that dates can also be set in the same menu.
5.3 Main window

The main window consists mainly of three areas;
• The upper area with indicator lamps
• The centre area with instrumentation
• The lower area with menu selections

5.3.1 Indicator lamps

The indicator lamps in the main window show the following from left to right:

• Pre-heating is shown during active pre-heating
• Current allowable transmission percentage
• Date and time
• Differential indication left = rear and right = front
• Direction
  indicates in which direction the machine’s direction lever is set. If the machine is in neutral, will be displayed.
• Gear Guard
  indicates that the high or low gear is engaged.
  indicates that no gear is engaged.
• Cruise control
  is shown when cruise control is available.
• Engine lamps
  Yellow = warning and red = stop.
• All-wheel drive
  is shown when all-wheel drive is activated.
• Gears
5.3 Main window

Low gear is indicated by ⬅️ and high gear is indicated by ⬆️. If the adjustable off-road mode is activated, a green line is shown under the symbol. The percentage is the current maximum value.

- Bogie lift

Normally the bogie lift is in float mode which is indicated with the green bogie symbol ⬇️. When the bogie is locked, a red bogie symbol ⬇️ is shown in the display. One for each side.

- Articulated joint lock

When the articulated joint lock is activated, a red padlock ⬇️ is displayed. An open green padlock ⬇️ is shown if the articulated joint lock is disconnected.

- Parking brake

A red ⬇️ is displayed when the parking brake is engaged.

5.3.2 Instrumentation

The centre area of the main window displays instrumentation for the following from left to right:

- The current speed (kph) of the machine.
- Current diesel engine speed (rpm).

**NOTICE**

The red line indicates the rpm limitation of the engine when the hydraulics are below 15 degrees.

- Tank fuel volume where the red area indicates a low fuel level in tank.
5.3 Main window

NOTICE

The fuel volume display may fluctuate depending on the inclination of the machine.

- Current temperature of the diesel engine on a relative scale.
- Current operator, name and number.
- Battery voltage.

Other symbols in the main window

Fig. 54 GreControl, other symbols

- Active pre-heating
- Engine alarm warning
- Serious engine alarm

5.3.3 Menu selection

There are a number of sub-pages to the main window. There are several different ways to access a sub-page and the same information is available, in some cases, on multiple pages. This manual presents one main way to access each of the windows.

The following selections can be made in the main window:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Selection</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine</td>
<td>(Diesel engine, temperature, pressure, hours, etc.). see 5.4 Engine window, page 75.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmission</td>
<td>(hydrostatic pump, hydraulic motor, gearbox, etc.), see 5.5 Transmission window, page 78.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Main menu for system settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Feature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Hydraulics icon" /></td>
<td><strong>Hydraulics</strong>&lt;br&gt;(Current values for working hydraulics), see 5.6 <em>Hydraulics window</em>, page 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Levers icon" /></td>
<td><strong>Levers, pedals and potentiometer</strong>&lt;br&gt;See 5.7 <em>Levers window</em>, page 82.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Tank levels icon" /></td>
<td><strong>Tank levels/Filter</strong>&lt;br&gt;See 5.8 <em>Tank level window</em>, page 87.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Temperatures icon" /></td>
<td><strong>Temperatures and pressure</strong>&lt;br&gt;See 5.9 <em>Temperature and pressure window</em>, page 89.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Crane icon" /></td>
<td><strong>Crane</strong>&lt;br&gt;Crane settings, see 5.10 <em>Crane setting</em>, page 91.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Cab suspension icon" /></td>
<td><strong>Cab suspension</strong>&lt;br&gt;See 5.11 <em>Cab suspension</em>, page 93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Fuel consumption icon" /></td>
<td><strong>Fuel consumption.</strong>&lt;br&gt;See 5.12 <em>Fuel consumption window</em>, page 95.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| ![Menu window icon](image) | **Menu window**<br>See 5.13 *Menu window*, page 98.  
- Operation monitoring  
- Machine service.  
- Fuel consumption.  
- Fan control  
- Brakes  
- Service code  
- Intermittent wipers  
- Operator options  
- Crane  
- Steering  
- Bogie  
- Machine settings  
- Working speed  
- Pin login  
- Options |
| ![Main menu icon](image) | **Main menu for system settings**<br>See 5.14 *System settings window*, page 106. |
5.4 Engine window

The engine window can be accessed by pressing in the main window.

The window for the engine displays from left to right:
- The current speed (rpm) of the diesel engine
- Engine's operation time in hours
- Current fuel consumption in litres/hour
- Engine temperature in degrees Celsius
- Intercooler temperature in degrees Celsius
- Oil pressure for the diesel engine in bar
- Turbo pressure in bar
- Torque socket in percentage
- Battery voltage in volts

The following menu selections can be made from the engine window:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu Selection</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Working speed</strong></td>
<td>Setting the working speed. This is set using + or - and confirmed using .</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Low speed</strong></td>
<td>Setting increased reverse idle speed. This is set using + or - and confirmed using .</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Working speed time</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.4 Engine window

| Setting of the time that the engine runs at working speed from when the levers are released until the engine runs at idle speed again. This is set using + or - and confirmed using | Radiator fan. Opens the window for the cooling fan, see 5.4.1 Fan control window, page 76. |
| Back to main window |

### 5.4.1 Fan control window

The fan control window is accessed by pressing in the main window followed by.

![Fan control window](image)

*Fig. 56 GreControl, fan control window*

The fan control window displays from left to right:
- Water temperature in engine
- Air temperature in Intercooler
• Oil temperature in hydraulic tank
• Existing current out to fan valve (inverted)
• Current fan power as %
• Current air direction through the radiator
• The fan mode can be changed by service personnel only

From the fan control window, a number of menu selections can be made, see 5.3.3 Menu selection, page 73.
5.5 Transmission window

The transmission window is accessed by pressing in the main window.

**Fig. 57 GreControl, transmission window**

The transmission window displays from left to right:

- Pedal value in percentage
- The speed in the hydrostatic pump in rpm
- Output control to the hydrostatic pump in milliamperes
- Torque socket in percentage
- Supply pressure in bar
- Pressure in hydrostatic circuit
- Delta pressure in the hydrostatic circuit
- The hydraulic motor’s speed in rpm
- Gear guard indicator
- The current speed (kph) of the machine
- Transmission filter housing pressure in Bar
- Oil temperature in the hydraulics tank in degrees Celsius
- Oil volume in hydraulics tank in litres
- Transmission’s operation time in hours
- Traction in kilonewtons

The following menu selections can be made from the transmission window
### 5.5 Transmission window

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine</td>
<td>See 5.4 <em>Engine window</em>, page 75.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydraulics</td>
<td>See 5.6 <em>Hydraulics window</em>, page 80.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Levers, pedals and potentiometer</td>
<td>See 5.7 <em>Levers window</em>, page 82.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tank levels/Filter</td>
<td>See 5.8 <em>Tank level window</em>, page 87.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperatures and pressure</td>
<td>See 5.9 <em>Temperature and pressure window</em>, page 89.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main menu for system settings</td>
<td>See 5.14 <em>System settings window</em>, page 106.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back to main window</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.6 Hydraulics window

The hydraulics window is accessed by pressing 🛠 in the main window.

![GreControl, hydraulics window](image)

*Fig. 58 GreControl, hydraulics window*

**The hydraulics window shows, from left to right:**
- The speed in the hydraulic pump in rpm
- Pump pressure in bar
- Load signal pressure in bar
- Delta pressure in bar
- Crane speed in percentage of maximum current
- Working hydraulic filter housing pressure in Bar
- Oil temperature in the hydraulics tank in degrees Celsius
- Oil volume in hydraulics tank in litres
- Operator name
- Operator number

**The following menu selections can be made from the hydraulics window:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu Selection</th>
<th>See Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine</td>
<td>5.4 Engine window, page 75.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmission</td>
<td>5.5 Transmission window, page 78.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Levers, pedals and potentiometer</td>
<td>5.7 Levers window, page 82.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Icon</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| ![Icon](image) | Tank levels/Filter  
See 5.8 *Tank level window*, page 87. |
| ![Icon](image) | Temperatures and pressure  
See 5.9 *Temperature and pressure window*, page 89. |
| ![Icon](image) | Crane  
Opens the page for crane settings, see 5.10 *Crane setting*, page 91. |
| ![Icon](image) | Bogie  
Opens the page for bogie settings |
| ![Icon](image) | Steering  
Opens the page for off-road steering settings |
| ![Icon](image) | Main menu for system settings |
| ![Icon](image) | Back to main window |
| ![Icon](image) | Change of operator  
Changing to another operator, as each operator can have individual settings. Operator 0 is the default operator set at the factory. Select therefore an operator other than 0 to carry out any personal settings. Set the correct operator by pressing + or - and then confirm by pressing |  
* ![Icon](image) |
| ![Icon](image) | Name or edit name of operator. Enter the desired name and press ENTER. |
5.7 Levers window

The levers window is accessed by pressing \( \text{\textregistered} \) in the main window.

**Fig. 59 GreControl, levers window**

The levers window displays from left to right:

- **Left-hand lever**
  
  Crane slew is 0 in neutral position, -100 at full reach to the left and 100 at full reach to the right, outer boom is 0 in neutral position, -100 at full outward reach and 100 at full inward reach, Boom is 0 in neutral position, -100 at full inward reach and 100 at full outward reach.

- **Max. potentiometer speed 0-100 %**

- **Right-hand lever**
  
  Rotator is 0 in neutral position, -100 at full reach to the right and 100 at full reach to the left, Main boom is 0 in neutral position, -100 at full downward reach and 100 at full upward reach, Grapple is 0 in neutral position, -100 at full reach closed and 100 at full reach open.

- **Control level, off-road steering** Shows 0 in neutral position, -100 at full reach to the right and 100 at full reach to the left.

- **Gas pedal, front and back 0-100% and 0-100% also shows the pedal safety switch**

- **Seat position shows the active seat switch**

- **Brake pedal, front with two sensors, 100-0% and 0-100%**

The following menu selections can be made from the levers window:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Engine</strong></th>
<th>See 5.4 <em>Engine window</em>, page 75.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Transmission</strong></td>
<td>See 5.5 <em>Transmission window</em>, page 78.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hydraulics</strong></td>
<td>See 5.6 <em>Hydraulics window</em>, page 80.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Calibrate Levers</strong></td>
<td>Opens the window for lever calibration, see 5.7 <em>Levers window</em>, page 82.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tank levels/Filter</strong></td>
<td>See 5.8 <em>Tank level window</em>, page 87.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Temperatures and pressure</strong></td>
<td>See 5.9 <em>Temperature and pressure window</em>, page 89.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Main menu for system settings</strong></td>
<td>See 5.14 <em>System settings window</em>, page 106.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Back to main window</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 5.7.1 Calibrate levers

The window for lever calibration is accessed by pressing in the levers window.
The Calibrate lever window displays:
- Current voltage value from the respective lever function
- Midpoint of each lever function, green numbers
- Selected Sakae or Otto lever model
- mV when levers operate at +100%
- Deadband at the midpoint +mV
- mV when levers operate at -100%

The following menu selections can be made from the Calibrate lever window:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Settings</th>
<th>Parameter settings for: Lever’s Min, Max, Midpoint and deadband</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crane</td>
<td>Parameter settings for the crane and gate, see 5.10 <em>Crane setting</em>, page 91.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Levers, pedals and potentiometer</td>
<td>See 5.7 <em>Levers window</em>, page 82.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibrate Midpoint</td>
<td>Sets the current value as the Midpoint for each function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset Midpoint</td>
<td>Sets 2,400 mV as the Midpoint for each function (press for 0.5 seconds).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Main menu for system settings
See 5.14 System settings window, page 106.

Back to main window
5.7.2 Lever settings

The lever settings window can be accessed by pressing 🔄 from Calibrate levers.

![GreControl, lever settings](image)

Fig. 61 GreControl, lever settings

The following is adjusted in the lever settings window:

- Model, Deadband, Max and Min for crane levers
- Deadband, Max and Min for control levers
5.8  Tank level window

The tank level window is accessed by pressing \( \text{\textbullet} \) in the main window.

![Fig. 62 GreControl, tank level window](image)

The following tank levels, in litres, are shown from left to right:

- Diesel volume
- Oil volume in hydraulics tank
- Temperature in the hydraulic tank
- Discharge pressure in return filter for hydraulics
- Discharge pressure in return filter for transmission

The following menu selections can be made from the tank level window:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu Selection</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine (diesel engine, temperature, pressure, hours, etc.)</td>
<td>See 5.4 Engine window, page 75.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmission (hydrostatic pump, hydraulic motor, gearbox, etc.)</td>
<td>See 5.5 Transmission window, page 78.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydraulics (Current values for working hydraulics)</td>
<td>See 5.6 Hydraulics window, page 80.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Levers, pedals and potentiometer</td>
<td>See 5.7 Levers window, page 82.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Icon</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| ![Temperature and pressure](image) | Temperatures and pressure  
See 5.9 *Temperature and pressure window*, page 89. |
| ![Main menu](image) | Main menu for system settings  
See 5.14 *System settings window*, page 106. |
| ![Back to main window](image) | Back to main window |

5 User manual for GreControl control system

5.8 Tank level window
5.9 Temperature and pressure window

The temperature and pressure window can be accessed by pressing 🔄 in the main window.

![Temperature and pressure window](image)

*Fig. 63 GreControl, temperature and pressure window*

The temperature and pressure window displays the following temperatures in Celsius and pressure in bar from left to right:

- Engine temperature
- Intercooler temperature
- Oil pressure in engine
- Oil temperature in hydraulics tank
- Feeding oil pressure for hydrostat
- Accumulated brake pressure
- Pump pressure
- Load signal pressure

The following menu selections can be made from the temperature and pressure window:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu Selection</th>
<th>Page Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine (diesel engine, temperature, pressure, hours, etc.)</td>
<td>See 5.4 Engine window, page 75.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmission (hydrostatic pump, hydraulic motor, gearbox, etc.)</td>
<td>See 5.5 Transmission window, page 78.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydraulics (Current values for working hydraulics)</td>
<td>See 5.6 Hydraulics window, page 80.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Levers, pedals and potentiometer</td>
<td>See 5.7 <em>Levers window</em>, page 82.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tank levels/Filter</td>
<td>See 5.8 <em>Tank level window</em>, page 87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main menu for system settings</td>
<td>See 5.14 <em>System settings window</em>, page 106.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back to main window</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.10 Crane setting

The crane setting window can be accessed by pressing in the main window.

![Crane slew settings](image)

**Fig. 64 GreControl, crane slew settings**

Select the function to change values for, followed by its direction if required. Crane slew has been selected in the above example, followed by right min. current. Change with + and - and confirm with .

The value can be changed until it has been confirmed with .

In the settings menu you can reset the values to the factory settings using followed by Reset.

The button in the top right corner can be used to return to the main window.

The button can be used to return to the previous page.

There are four setting values to choose from for a function:

- **Min**
  Current at the lowest output control in milliamperes, the minimum function speed, is set to put the function just at the start position but does not move.

- **Max**
  Current at maximum output control in milliamperes, maximum function speed, is set so full lever extension corresponds to the desired maximum speed.

- **Start**
  Length of the start ramp in milliseconds. How gentle the function starts.
• Stop

Length of the stop ramp in milliseconds How gentle the function stops.

For each function, it must be possible to change values within a given area to protect the components used when steering.
5.11 Cab suspension

The cab suspension window can be accessed by pressing in the main window and then Cab suspension once in the settings window.

Fig. 65 GreControl, cab suspension settings

The cab suspension window displays from left to right:

Parameters:

- **Pressure Cab suspension (85)** sets value to make cylinders work between min. and max., a greater value = higher pressure
- **Pressure reduction Rear (0.85)** should differ approx.: 4-5 bar from the rear and front cylinders
- **Pressure Cab Height increase (1.50)** when machine starts, the cab is raised using a pressure that is 1.5 times higher
- **100% = Y (40)** At an inclination of 40% the relevant side gives 100% pressure to the cylinders to compensate for the additional weight there, a vector of 0=0%, 40=100%
- **100% = Y (30)** at this side tilt the system produces 100% in the cylinders in question
- **Filter Y (93)** Filter value for tilt sensor Y
- **Filter X (93)** Filter value for tilt sensor X
- **Speed compensation (8)** percentage pressure increase at variable speed
- **Speed for Comp. (3)** compensation speed
- **Extra percentage pressure increase at standstill (10)**
- **Extra front standstill (5)** increases front pressure for 3 seconds to compensate for extra loads

Reconnection:

- **IND. Cab**, indicates when the cab is locked at the rear, cab suspension is inactive if the cab is not locked
• **LS Pressure**, shows current LS pressure, status of LS output from cab suspension
• **Pressure**, shows current pressure in cab suspension block
• **Auto**: shows status of cab suspensions auto setting, changed in parameter settings "Cab Auto setting"

Display graphics:
The larger display window shows: The machine's tilt on a Y and X axis, theoretical pressure in each cylinder, percentage output control and output control in mA

A number of menu selections can be made from the cab suspension window:

| ![Settings Icon] | Settings  
Parameter settings for: Cab suspension's settable parameters |
| ![Cab Suspension Icon] | Cab suspension On/off  
indicated by 🟢 when active, this function is also available in the main window. |

See function in 5.3.3 *Menu selection*, page 73 for other menu selections.
### 5.12 Fuel consumption window

The fuel consumption window is accessed by pressing in the main window.

![Fuel consumption window](image)

**Fig. 66 GreControl, fuel consumption window**

The fuel consumption window displays from left to right:

- **Total**: No. of loads, volume, distance, time, diesel
- **Average consumption**: litres per hour/cubic metre/cubic kilometre

Memorised date and time from the latest resetting

- **Total**: engine time, diesel volume, litres/hour, These values will not be reset!

The following menu selections can be made from the fuel consumption window:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="10 m3+" /></td>
<td>Add a load and set volume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="?? m3" /></td>
<td>Setting for changing volume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Reset" /></td>
<td>Reset the values and lock a new time and date. Red fuel figures from the engine must never be reset!</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Operation monitoring" /></td>
<td>Operation monitoring Open the window for trip and time measurement</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.12 Fuel consumption window

5.12.1 Operation monitoring window

The trip meter and operation monitoring window are accessed by pressing 🌐 in the main window followed by 📏 in the fuel consumption window.

---

**Fig. 67 GreControl, operation monitoring window**

The trip meter and operation monitoring window displays from left to right:

- **Trip meter**
  
  Distance travelled shown as kilometres and metres when the trip meter is activated

- **Operation monitoring**
  
  Memorised date and time from the latest resetting
  
  Number of hours machine has run according to G15 time
  
  Number of hours machine has run according to G0 time
  
  Number of hours the transmission has been in operation
  
  Number of hours the engine has run above 1,000 rpm
The following menu selections can be made from the trip meter and operation monitoring window:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Selection</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reset the trip meter.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start and pause the trip meter.</td>
<td>When the trip meter is activated, it is marked with a green indicator above this button and with a blue indicator when in pause mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset operation monitoring and lock a new time and date.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start and pause time measurements for operation monitoring.</td>
<td>When operation monitoring is activated, it is marked with a green indicator above this button and with a blue indicator when in pause mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel consumption.</td>
<td>See 5.12 <em>Fuel consumption window</em>, page 95.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main menu for system settings</td>
<td>See 5.14 <em>System settings window</em>, page 106.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back to main window.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.13 Menu window

The menu window can be accessed by pressing in the main window.

![Menu window](image)

**Fig. 68 GreControl, menu window**

The following menu selections can be made from the menu window, in addition to the menu selection buttons at the bottom:

- Operation monitoring — Opens the page for Operation monitoring
- Machine service — Opens the page for Machine service
- Fuel consumption — Opens the page for Fuel consumption
- Fan control — Opens the page for Fan control
- Brakes — Opens the page for Brake monitoring
- Service Code — Opens the page for Service code
- Intermittent wipers — Opens the page for configuring the intermittent wipers
- Select operator — Opens the page to configure operators
- Crane — Opens the page to configure the crane
- Steering — Opens the page to configure the steering
- Bogie — Opens the page to configure the bogie
- Machine Settings — Opens the page to configure the machine
- Working speed — Opens the page to configure the working speed
- Pin Login — Opens a window for pin login
- Options 1 — Opens the page for any options
- Options 2 — Opens the page for any options
5.13.1 System information window

The system information window can be accessed by pressing 🎨 in the main window followed by 📲.

Fig. 69 GreControl, system information window

The window for system information displays, from left to right:
- Project name
- Project version
- Machine number
- Owner
- Delivery date
- Cycle time
- Cycle usage
- Memory usage

A number of menu selections can be made from the system information window, see 5.3.3 Menu selection, page 73.

5.13.2 Machine service window

The machine service window can be accessed by pressing 🕒 in the main window followed by Machine Service in the menu window.
After each Guarantee Service the Service Dealer provides a receipt. Iqan memorises dates and blocks further alarms for the current service.

The machine service window displays from left to right:

- Date for Guarantee start
- Service 100 h, date stored when serviced
- Service 1,000 h, date stored when serviced
- Service 2,000 h/2 years, date stored when serviced
- Valve adjustment 5,000 h, date stored when serviced
- Bar graph with 500 h countdown, owner service, reset with \( \text{Press for 1 sec} \)
- Current operation time

The following menu selections can be made from the machine service window:

<p>| | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Used by Service Dealers.
- Resetting of Service 500 h (Press for 1 sec)
- Return to previous page.
- Main menu for system settings. see 5.14 System settings window, page 106.
Service code window

The following page is displayed whenever the ignition is switched on, after a guarantee service (100 h, 1,000 h, 2,000 h/2 year) is reached, and the correct service code is entered.

Fig. 71 GreControl, service code window

The page closes automatically after 1 minute, or press .

To enter the service code, press and the next page will open.

Service code info

The following is an instruction how to inactivate the service limit.

Fig. 72 GreControl, service code info
5 User manual for GreControl control system

5.13 Menu window

Pin code input window

Press  and the pin code window opens.

Hover over the number, move your finger up or down to increase or decrease the value. When all the digits in the PIN code have been entered, press  to confirm.  cancels and closes the pin code window.

Limitation inactivation

Press Service limitation.
5.13 Menu window

Fig. 75 GreControl, Limitation activation
Press Inactive.

Fig. 76 GreControl, Limitation activation
The limitation is now lifted! Press or .

Fig. 77 GreControl, Limitation activation
Return to the required page using or .
Reminders for service

The reminders are shown when the following amount of time is left to service:

- **Service 100 h** 70, 50, 30, 10, <=1
- **Service 500 h** 40, 20, 10, <=1 (not at 1,000 h and 2,000 h)
- **Service 1,000 h** 200, 150, 100, 50, <=1
- **Service 200 h** 200, 150, 100, 50, <=1 / 2 year, 14d, 11d, 8d, 5d, <=1d
- **Valve adjustment 5,000 h** 200, 100, 50, <=8

**Fig. 78 GreControl, reminder service**

A long button press is required to activate the following palette functions:

- Bogie toggle, press for 1.5 sec
- Crane front, press for 1.5 sec
- Wagon drive, press for 2 sec.
- Cruise control, press for 2 sec to access the cruise control followed by a short press to lock the speed.
- Differential, press for 0.6 sec to lock the hold function, release with a short button press.
5.13.3 Brake monitoring window

The brake monitoring window can be accessed by pressing \[\text{Brakes}\] in the main window followed by \textit{Brakes}.

![Fig. 79 GreControl, brake monitoring window](image)

The brake monitoring window displays from left to right:

- Current brake pressure in rear axle
- Current brake pressure in front axle
- Power and braking force in each axle
- Machine slope in longitudinal direction
- Total current braking force as a percentage
- Average pressure in each axle

From the brake monitoring window a number of menu selections can be made, see 5.3.3 \textit{Menu selection}, page 73.
5.14 System settings window

The system settings window can be accessed by pressing \[ \text{ } \] in the main window.

![System settings window](image)

*Fig. 80 GreControl, system settings window*

The following menu selections can be made from the system settings window:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>System information</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Information on the system and connected units.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Measurements</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Voltage inputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital input signals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequency inputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current outputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital outputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN motor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN levers in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN digital in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAN digital out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Can Dasa</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.14 System settings window

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Adjust</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bogie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Machine settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Working speed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interval time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Follow-up</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Display settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting the date, see 5.2.2 Setting the date, page 69.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting the time, see 5.2.3 Setting the time, page 69.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting the language, see 5.2.1 Language settings, page 69.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.14.1 Selection and unit input

In general, the following applies to navigation and input in the system settings windows.

![Adjust menu](image)

Fig. 81 GreControl, selection and unit input

Drag and drop the menus using your finger, click on the desired menu. Select the value you want to change and change it using + and - and confirm with ✓.
The value can be changed until it has been confirmed with \( X \).

In the settings menu you can reset the values to the factory settings using \( E \).

The \( X \) button in the top right corner can be used to return to the main window.

The \( C \) button can be used to return to the previous page.

### 5.14.2 Measurements

![Fig. 82, GreControl, measurements](image)

The measurement values are shown in the list window. The entire list does not always fit in the window. To reach the rows outside the list window: place your finger on the screen and drag upwards.
5.14.3 Current setting

![Fig. 83 GreControl, current setting](image)

Select the function to change values for, followed by its direction if required. Crane slew has been selected in the above example, followed by right min. current.

Change with + and - confirm with ✅.

The value can be changed until it has been confirmed with ✖.

The values in the window can be reset to the factory settings using ⌁ followed by Reset.

The ✎ button in the top right corner can be used to return to the main window.

The ✎ button can be used to return to the previous page.

There are four setting values to choose from for a function:

- **Min**
  
  Current at the lowest output control in milliamperes, the minimum function speed, is set to put the function just at the start position but does not move.

- **Max**
  
  Current at maximum output control in milliamperes, maximum function speed, is set so full lever extension corresponds to the desired maximum speed.

- **Start**
  
  Length of the start ramp in milliseconds. How gentle the function starts.

- **Stop**
  
  Length of the stop ramp in milliseconds. How gentle the function stops.
For each function, it must be possible to change values within a given area to protect the components used when steering.

**NOTICE**

Note that operator 0 is the default operator set at the factory.
Select an operator other than 0 to carry out any personal settings.

### 5.14.4 Copy operator settings

*Fig. 84 GreControl, copy operator settings*

The function groups with this symbol \[ \text{can be copied.} \]

There are five operators in addition to Operator 0 which is the default operator set at the factory.
First activate the operator to copy to, see the change of operator section under Hydraulics window.

Go to Adjust and select for instance Crane pressure \[ , \] then select **Copy mode** and click on the operator to be copied and confirm with \[ . \]
5.14.5 Machine settings

Machine settings are settings the operator can alter to adapt the machine to individual requirements.

The following menu selections can be made from the machine settings window:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Settings:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Select Drive mode</td>
<td>see 5.14.6 Example: Select drive mode, page 113.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• High power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Economic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pedal Filter</td>
<td>see 5.14.7 Example: Pedal filter, page 113.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 0 to 98%, active area approx.: 90-98%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activate front camera</td>
<td>Activates camera image rotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 0 = of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 1 = on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activate Dasa</td>
<td>Activate communication with Dasa operation monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 0 = of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 1 = on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activate back warning</td>
<td>Activate once to provide back warning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 0 = of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 1 = on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select articulated joint lock type</td>
<td>Settings: Define which function the articulated joint lock button has.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Lock when under pressure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Alternate off/on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level Low mode</td>
<td>Settings: Specifies the percentage of the transmission current allowed when</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the low mode button is active.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 0 to 100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select working speed</td>
<td>Settings: Indicates the selected working speed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Constant speed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select Off-road steering</td>
<td>Settings: Activate rotator lever for off-road steering in forward chair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>position.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Rotator lever Front</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Pedal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Rotation + Pedal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interval cooler fan</td>
<td>Settings: Specifies how often the cooling fan must reverse for cleaning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 15 min., 30 min., 45 min., 60 min. or off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine temperature - Fan</td>
<td>Settings: Specify the engine temperatures between which the cooling fan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>gives 10-100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 91°C - 97°C Standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 87°C - 95°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 85°C - 91°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End % Main boom damper</td>
<td>Settings: Specifies how many percent of max. current is allowed when the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>boom damper sensor is active.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• 0 to 100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.14.6 Example: Select drive mode

Fig. 86 GreControl, example of select drive mode
Select Drive mode by tapping on the text Select Drive Mode on the screen. Three options will be shown, click on the desired option.

- High power = more pressure on engine and steeper ramps.
- Normal = normal.
- Economic = less pressure on engine and slower ramps.

If you want to reset factory settings, press ... at the far right of the row and select Reset.

5.14.7 Example: Pedal filter

Fig. 87 GreControl, example pedal filter
Pedal filter is a start/stop ramp on the drive pedals and can be set at low gear or high gear. To switch gears you have to exit the menu and change the gear, and then return to the menu again.
90% = little or no ramp.

98% = steep ramp.
6 Driving instructions

6.1 Before you operate the machine

NOTICE
Read and learn the following before you operate the machine!

Thoroughly read and understand the safety instructions.

6.1.1 Boarding and descent

Always use the ladder and hold on to the handle on the bonnet, on the front side of the cab column and the inner side of the door.

CAUTION
Risk of slipping – steps, platforms and chains can be very slippery in cold weather conditions!

CAUTION
Always descend the ladder facing the machine. This way you can see and grip the handles. Never jump from the machine.

Emergency stop

The emergency stop is the red power switch on the left hand B column in the cab. When you push the emergency stop, the diesel engine stops and the brakes are applied.
Emergency exit

The left-hand side window acts as the emergency exit. To open the window, grip the latch handle and turn it upwards until the latch is released. The window can now be opened outwards.

Note that the side window always must be unlocked when the machine is operating, this to ensure that the operator can be rescued from outside in case the machine tips over or sinks through ice.

6.2 Check before start

NOTICE

Each time you prepare to operate the machine it is important to perform certain checks. Make this a habit and follow the same routine each time. You will find that you need to do less maintenance and you also get a safer machine.

1. Walk around the machine and check that there are no visible oil leaks. Also look under the machine and on the inside of the wheels.

2. Check the engine oil level.
3. Check the coolant level.

Fig. 91 Expansion tank sight glass

4. Check hydraulic oil level

Fig. 92 Hydraulic tank sight glass

5. Check tyres and wheel nuts.
6. Check that the hose for the crankcase ventilation is fully open and free of dirt, ice and snow.

During cold winter conditions, there is considerable risk of ice formation in the venting hose.

Fig. 93 Crankcase ventilation

7. Check that the two emergency stop buttons are protruding (both inside the cab and outside).

Fig. 94 Emergency stop in the cab
8. Activate the main power switch (1).

9. Turn the ignition key to ignition position (first position) and wait for the control system to start.

10. Check the fuel level and the hydraulic oil level via the control system.
11. Put the driving direction selector in neutral.

Fig. 98 Driving direction selector

12. Start the engine, see 6.3 Starting the engine, page 120.
13. Check the brakes, see 6.4 Brake test, page 121

### 6.3 Starting the engine

**NOTICE**

When starting the engine!

Turn the ignition key to the first position. Before starting the engine, wait until the control system has started up and blocked the work pump during the start sequence.

Turn the ignition key to the ignition position (first position) and wait a few seconds for the control system to start.

Turn the ignition key to the start position (the second position) to start the engine, let it run idle a few minutes and check all pressure values in the control system's screen.

In cold weather, preheating of the injected air starts automatically.

Release the parking brake and check that the ladder is automatically retracted before you try to move the machine.

**NOTICE**

To spare the turbo while the oil is still cold you should avoid racing the engine.
6.3.1 If the machine doesn’t start

Check that:
• the two emergency stop buttons are pulled out (both inside the cab and outside).
• the main power switch is activated
• the batteries maintain the correct voltage.
• there is fuel in the fuel tanks.
• there are no active error codes.
• all fuses are intact.

Contact a service dealer if none of the above solves the issue.

6.4 Brake test

Perform a brake test as follows:

1. Select driving direction and switch to 1st gear.
2. Press the foot brake pedal, see 4.2 Functions at the steering wheel panel, page 54.
3. Raise the revs to ca. 1500 rpm.
4. The machine should now stand motionless or ‘creep’ forward very slowly, and you should sense a distinct brake effect. Otherwise, please contact an authorised service dealer or Gremo AB.
5. Checking the parking brake, see 2.9 Inspection of parking brake, page 20.
6.5 Steering

As a default the machine is equipped with a control lever for off-road steering (1) on the right armrest panel, see 4.5 Functions on the right armrest panel, page 59. This function is activated with the switch Off-road mode (steering) On/Off (2) on the side panel, see 4.3 Functions on the side panel, page 55.

**NOTICE**

The off-road steering switches direction automatically when the operator’s seat is turned around.

Steering with the steering wheel operates via an Orbitrol valve and gives a relaxed and responsive steering, which may be hard to achieve using the off-road steering lever.

**NOTICE**

By law, the steering wheel must be used when driving on public roads and the off-road steering function must be turned off.

6.6 Brakes

The brakes consist of four packages of discs built in on each side of the differentials. The disc brakes are designed to work as parking- and emergency brakes also.

The brakes are activated in any of the following ways.

Via the parking brake circuit, that is to say:

- With the parking brake button (1) on the right armrest panel, see 4.5 Functions on the right armrest panel, page 59. The indicator light (2) and a red symbol in GreControl come on, see 5.3.1 Indicator lamps, page 71 when the parking brake is activated.
- Automatically when emergency stop is pressed.
- Automatically if the diesel engine stops

Via the wheel brakes/operation brake circuit, that is to say:

- Automatically when the Forward pedal and Reverse pedal are released (during operation with or without constant revs), see 4.7 Functions at the rear panel, page 63.
6.7 If the parking brake does not release

- Automatically when the Drive pedal, see 4.7 Functions at the rear panel, page 63 or Drive pedal, see 4.2 Functions at the steering wheel panel, page 54 is released (during operation with or without constant revs).

- With foot brake pedal under the steering wheel panel (beside the door), see 4.2 Functions at the steering wheel panel, page 54.

- With the emergency brake (rear panel), see 4.7 Functions at the rear panel, page 63.

If the parking brake is active when you select forward/ backward direction, a buzzer is sounding. It’s impossible to move the machine with the parking brake active.

When you stop the machine, the brakes of all wheels will be activated together with the articulated joint lock. This to increase safety!

The brakes and the articulated joint lock are automatically released when the engine revs above 1,000 rpm and the Forward Pedal, Backward Pedal, see 4.7 Functions at the rear panel, page 63 or direction selector on the left armrest panel, see 4.4 Left arm rest panel functions, page 56 is activated and the Drive pedal, see 4.2 Functions at the steering wheel panel, page 54 and 4.7 Functions at the rear panel, page 63 is pressed.

\[\text{WARNING}\]

For safety reasons, do not park the machine on a slope. There is the risk that the machine will start to move or tip over.

\[\text{NOTICE}\]

Perform repeat tests on the handbrake, by placing the loaded machine on a slope with free rolling movement. See 2.9 Inspection of parking brake, page 20.

6.7 If the parking brake does not release

6.8 All-wheel drive

The machine is equipped with a disengageable wagon drive. Operation takes places via an all-wheel drive switch on the right armrest panel, and the button must be held down for 2 seconds to activate wagon drive. The indicator lamp for all-wheel drive on the right armrest panel, see 4.5 Functions on the right armrest panel, page 59, will light up in green when wagon drive is activated. The all-wheel drive symbol is also shown in the upper part of GreControl's main window, see 5.3.1 Indicator lamps, page 71.

Engagement/disengagement may be simplified if you turn the machine until the indicator lamp is switched on/off. Engagement and disengagement is allowed while the machine is moving but avoid this if the machine is pulling heavily.

Fig. 102 All-wheel drive switch
6.9 Speed potentiometer

The Speed Potentiometer (1) is located on the left armrest panel, see 4.4 Left arm rest panel functions, page 56.

The Speed Potentiometer affects the angle of the hydrostatic pump, which in turn affects the speed and traction. You will get maximum traction when the Speed Potentiometer is adjusted to make the machine move slowly. Changes to the Speed Potentiometer setting can be done while the machine is operating with a heavy load.

Fig. 103 Speed/torque potentiometer

6.10 Drive pedal

The drive pedals (front, see 4.2 Functions at the steering wheel panel, page 54) and rear (see 4.7 Functions at the rear panel, page 63) affect both the control system's operating revs and the machine's driving speed in the following way:

• if the crane controls are not activated, the drive pedal functions like a regular accelerator pedal.

• if the crane controls are being used, the preset operating revs are active (e.g. 1300 rpm): when the Drive pedal is activated, it operates like a speed control. In this mode, it interacts with the speed potentiometer, see 4.4 Left arm rest panel functions, page 56, in such a way that the machine's maximum speed corresponds to the set value on the speed potentiometer. If the Drive pedal is pressed even further, not only will speed increase, so too will engine revs.


6.11 Direction selector

6.11.1 General

You can select the driving direction in two ways:
- with the direction selector on the left armrest panel (1).
- with the two pedals (2) and (3).

**NOTICE**

Here the direction ‘forward’ means the principal travelling direction of the machine on a public road when steered with the steering wheel, see 1.9 Definitions, page 8.

6.11.2 Direction Pedals

The pedals (2 forward and 3 backward) act as direction pedals.

6.11.3 Selecting the travelling direction

You can select the travelling direction in two ways:

1. By moving the direction selector (1) forwards or backwards.

2. By pressing one of the two Direction Pedals (2) or (3) you also press the Drive Pedal (4). The operator’s foot must always rest on the selected pedal in order for the machine to move.

The direction pedals (2) and (3) have a double function together with the direction selector (1) on the left armrest panel. You will feel yourself which way of operation you will prefer.
6.12 Gear selection

The machine's gearbox is a mechanical dropbox with one low speed register (1) for off-road transport and one high speed register (2) for road transport.

6.12.1 Gear selection

The gear selector on the right armrest panel has two positions:

1. Gear selector reverse = 1\textsuperscript{st} gear
2. Gear selector forward = 2\textsuperscript{nd} gear

Gear selection using the gear selector can be up/down when in transport independent of speed and load. But the control system prevents shifting until the machine is stopped. The brake system must be activated.

A diode is depicted in GreControl main window's top edge. For a green light, the gear engages and a red light warns the controller that the gear not has been engaged, so turn the machine slightly with the off-road steering lever.

Fig. 105 Controls, gears

6.13 Working speed

With the value set to zero, the drive pedal functions like a regular accelerator pedal. Working speed (1,200-1,500 rpm) is enabled as soon as the crane controls are used.
For safety reasons, working speed is deactivated when the levers are not active and the chair is turned towards the door or forwards (normal position).

For working speed settings, see 5.4 Engine window, page 75.

## 6.14 Differential locks

The differential locks are operated with the buttons (1) and (2) on the left armrest panel. The button (1) controls the differential lock on the front carriage (front axle) and the button (2) controls the differential lock on the rear carriage (rear axle). The front and rear differential locks are operated independently and give a complete locking of the differentials while the buttons are pushed.

The indicator lamps (3) and (4) are yellow when the differential locks are engaged.

In the middle of GreControl's main window, a symbol indicating when the differential locks are engaged is also displayed, see 5.3.2 Instrumentation, page 72.

Activation of the differential locks can be done while the machine moves without pulling heavily, but we recommend that you stop first.

### WARNING

The differential locks must not be activated or deactivated while the machine is turning!

### WARNING

Never operate the differential locks when a wheel is skidding! You could damage the differentials!

### NOTICE

The use of the differential locks means that a wheel or a bogie may suddenly get the complete traction force if this wheel or bogie suddenly gets a hold while the other wheels are skidding. Therefore you should use the differential locks with sound judgement, especially if you have fitted bogie tracks.

You will spare the machine if you activate the front and rear differential locks simultaneously and, if possible, avoid steering the machine while the differential locks are active. Also try to keep low engine revs. It spares the transmission and gives better traction.
6.15 Warnings from the control system

The control system supervises, warns and senses how the transmission works, controls the diesel engine and adjusts the transmission at gear shift. The system warns with a buzzer and a warning lamp if a fault occurs, and also shows the fault on the display. If a main page is shown on the display, then there will be a textual explanation of the fault, otherwise a warning symbol in the right corner of the display.

**NOTICE**

The control system will not automatically shut down the machine.

6.16 Off-road operation

6.16.1 General

Off-road operation requires a lot of experience before you fully master the machine. Be patient until you have learned the limits of the machine. Always use a seat belt!

Also remember that you work with the machine in an environment where the best overall result is achieved by paying attention to the fauna.

These are the most important points in the Swedish Forestry Act:

- Do not make clearings that are too large.
- Leave any obstacles undisturbed.
- Avoid damaging key biotopes and valuable cultural environments.
- Be especially careful when a felling job affects areas with rare plants and animals.
- Preserve foliage in coniferous forests during the entire growth period.
- Leave the protection zones required for water, obstacles, agricultural land and construction.
- Always leave a number of older trees in the clearing, ideally in groups.
- Plan clearing and transportation so that there is little or no damage to ground and water.
- Plan forestry access tracks so that there is minimal damage to nature and the cultural environment.
6.16.2 Before driving

Remove the indicators and rear mirrors as well as the rear ramp with the Slow Vehicle sign.

Acquaint yourself with the terrain and plan the most effective driving. Be alert for slopes, sunken areas or other unexpected occurrences. Plan whether tyre chains or tracks need to be used.

Engage the all-wheel drive. The all-wheel drive can be engaged and disengaged while the machine is moving but this is only allowed if the machine moves easily, i.e. without the engine pulling. Survey the terrain in order to decide whether to use anti-skid chains or bogie tracks.

6.16.3 Anti-skid

A machine with normal width 260 cm (600-wheel) or 276 cm (700-wheel) can be fitted on all eight wheels with any type of anti-skid chain available on the market. If the machine is narrower, use smaller anti-skid chains. Contact Gremo AB.

Always observe the fitting instructions from the manufacturer. Remember that loose ends must be secured using shackles! On machines equipped with bogie lift, the bogie lift can be used to aid the fitting of the anti-skid chains on the front carriage.

**WARNING**

When you fit anti-skid chains to wheels raised with the bogie lift, there is a severe danger if the machine starts sinking during the work. Never stay under the machine when you tie the anti-skid chains together!

6.16.4 Bogie tracks

Certain types of bogie tracks do not fit depending on the shape of the track or the design of the tyre. Contact the track supplier or Gremo AB.

**CAUTION**

Observe the fitting instructions from the track manufacturer and remember the risk of getting you fingers or hands jammed!

Fig. 107 Bogie tracks
6.16.5 Spacer blocks

When bogie tracks are used, you should also fit the spacer blocks which restrict the up and down movements of the bogie. The spacer blocks (1) and Allen bolts M12 x 80 (2) have been delivered with the machine.

Do as follows:

- Align the spacer blocks correctly: the wide end of the spacer block should point forwards for the frontal block (3) and rearwards for the rear block (4).
- The chamfer of the spacer block (5) must be next to the weld (6).
- Fit the Allen bolts and tighten them with a 10 mm Allen key (7).

6.16.6 Driving speed

The machine is designed to cope with a maximum payload even on very difficult ground. Off-road driving causes large dynamic forces on the machine. This means that the weight of the machine together with the weight of the payload will increase as a result of the movements. The dynamic forces may cause considerable impact on the machine frame and the articulated joint, e.g. when the machine moves over an obstacle.

You can avoid this by driving gently and with sound judgement. To drive fast is one thing, to keep the right speed is a different one!

When driving with a payload the crane should be put down on the load and the grapple should be secured. This way you lower the centre of gravity, and spares the rotator and the vibration damper. When driving with an empty machine we recommend that the grapple is placed down at the front bunk.
6.16.7 Uphill

Always drive straight forward uphill and avoid hilly slopes!

⚠️ CAUTION

When driving uphill, the centre of gravity of the payload is shifted backwards, exerting a lifting force on the front carriage. If the machine is angled severely in this situation, it can tip over..

The machine handles very steep slopes uphill. How steep is a question of traction and size of payload. Use the first gear if you are climbing a steep slope. Turn down the Speed Potentiometer setting enough to keep the diesel engine at high revs without being overstressed. Always use anti-skid chains if the ground is steep, soft, wet or slippery. It’s important to ensure the grip of the wheels!

When driving empty or loading uphill it’s an advantage to turn the machine around and reverse uphill. Then you will utilise the larger weight of the front carriage and the engine, as this now is positioned at the lower end and thus presses the wheels down creating better grip.

⚠️ NOTICE

The engine can cope with a 37° slope. If the engine has no oil, it will move into idle mode.
6.16.8 Downhill

Always drive straight down and avoid hilly slopes!

**CAUTION**

The load’s centre of gravity is moved forward when driving down a slope, and exerts a pushing force on the engine. If the machine in this situation is sharply angled then it may tip over.

**NOTICE**

The engine can cope with a 47° slope. If the engine has no oil, it will move into idle mode.

Always use anti-skid chains if the ground is steep, soft, wet or slippery. It’s important to ensure the grip of the wheels! When driving steeply downhill it’s important to use first gear and to turn down the Speed Potentiometer setting to low speed and to keep the diesel engine at relatively high revs. This is the best way to utilise the braking power of the hydrostatic transmission.

Use the foot brake if the revs of the diesel engine increase sharply, and don’t release the Drive pedal during braking.

Avoid braking in a way which causes the wheels to lock! Locked wheels means decreased grip.

6.16.9 Hilly slopes

Always avoid driving and working on hilly slopes. If you still must do this, then be extremely careful! There is a large risk of the machine tipping over! Also remember that the risk of the machine tipping over is larger with a load or when the machine is in an angled position. The larger the load or angle, the larger the risk. You can use the crane for balancing.

If you capsize, remain where you are and do not leave the cab, see 2.19 *If by accident the machine tips over*, page 33.

6.16.10 Obstacles

Adjust your speed in order to make the passing of the obstacle as soft as possible, without the machine bumping or swaying unnecessarily. Remember that passing over obstacles, cavities and depressions means slopes. High payloads mean high centre of gravity and thus a large risk of the machine tipping over! Singular high obstacles which
give large slopes can be passed with the crane slewed uphill.

6.16.11 Soft ground

Soft ground requires experience and care.

The machine is by default equipped with tyres with rounded shoulders to avoid cutting root fibres in the ground.

If you need to turn, then you should do so with as large a turning radius as possible. If a wheel makes a rut, then stop immediately and check whether you can continue or have to reverse. The safest way is almost always to first unload the timber and then to reverse.

If the rear carriage has at least some grip left, then the traction will increase if the load is partially left on the carriage.

If the machine is equipped with bogie lift then this may be used to lock the bogies when driving forwards, to prevent the wheels from getting stuck in holes. Normally you should operate with the bogies in float mode.
6.17 Loading and unloading

6.17.1 Crane operation

The control system which controls the crane is automatically switched on when you turn the operator’s seat backwards, in this position you can use all crane functions.

For safety reasons the crane control levers do not affect the crane when the operator’s seat is turned towards the cab door.

When the seat is facing straight forward, you can usually only lower the crane’s lifting arm for safety reasons; other crane functions are not available in this situation.

With the “Crane driving seat facing forward” button (button 13 on the right armrest panel) it is possible to over-ride the control system and obtain full crane function even with the seat facing straight ahead; the crane function is cancelled as soon as the seat is turned.

The crane hydraulic system operates more smoothly if you use operating revs of 1,200-1,500 rpm, see 4.6 Crane control levers, page 61.

6.17.2 If the crane does not work

Check that:

- the machine starts, otherwise see 6.3.1 If the machine doesn’t start, page 121.
- there are no active error codes.
- the chair is turned backwards and the sensor for this is not working.
- there is hydraulic oil in the hydraulic system.
- there are no broken hoses.

Contact a service dealer if none of the above solves the issue.

6.17.3 Loading / unloading

Loading of timber and pulpwood in various lengths should be carried out with the hydraulic gate in Timber-position (folded down). Loading of pulpwood in 3-metre lengths should be carried out with the hydraulic gate in Pulpwood-position (folded up). This way you will get the best possible longitudinal stability.
6 Driving instructions
6.17 Loading and unloading

The gate is operated via the two buttons (gate upright, high and gate folded, low) on the left armrest panel. See 4.4 Left arm rest panel functions, page 56.

Do not drive with the crane hanging freely, instead place it on the loading platform.

**NOTICE**

Never load over the top of the gate!
Overloading leads to worse stability, and during downhill driving the timber may slide over the gate and damage the machine.

**NOTICE**

Never try to knock the logs level against the gate, it is not intended for this purpose!

It’s easier to turn the machine, reverse it uphill and then load it. The timber will slide against the gate more easily.

When loading timber it might be easier to start loading at the bottom end of the bunks with the gate in Pulpwood-position. When the bottom is covered, you then fold the gate into Timber-position.

**NOTICE**

Due to the large loading area it’s easy to exceed the maximum load capacity of the machine when loading timber and pulpwood in various lengths. The warranty will not cover damage caused by overloading.

Loading and unloading can be done while the machine is moving.

Remember that in normal cases, the articulated joint lock is released when the machine starts to move, resulting in inferior stability if the crane is slewed. Releasing the throttle locks the articulated joint lock straight away.

By avoiding loading while the machine is rolling in difficult terrain and moving the machine with timber suspended from the grapple, you decrease the risk of accidents as well as strain on the chassis.

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*Fig. 112 Loading over the top of the gate*
6.18 Working underneath electric power lines

**DANGER**

Never work underneath electric power lines. There is a large risk that the crane touches the power lines, and this may cause a fatal accident! A risk distance of at least 10 m must be observed!

**DANGER**

If the machine comes in contact with overhead power lines. Remain in your seat and call for assistance! Danger! Remain in your seat. Wait for assistance!

6.19 Road transport

6.19.1 Before starting

Fit the indicators and rear mirrors as well as the rear light ramp with the Slow Vehicle sign. Ensure that the driving lights and the indicators are working and that the rear mirrors are adjusted correctly. Check the coolant level and the hydraulic oil level in the hydraulic tank.

Ensure that you have fuel in the tank! Thus you avoid running out of fuel on a public road, and thus avoid becoming a danger to other traffic.

**NOTICE**

If the weather is hot and dry, you should clean the radiators before the transport. During the transport, especially in hot weather, you should continuously check water and oil temperatures. If the temperature is too high, then the best way to decrease it is to let the machine roll with smallest possible strain. Turn down the Speed Potentiometer but keep relatively high engine revs in order to keep the fan and the water pump working properly.

The control system adjusts the diesel engine to run at exactly the revs required to keep the selected speed. The smaller rolling resistance, the lower engine revs.
NOTICE

Never use tyre chains or tracks on tarmac roads. You could be liable for any surface damage that occurs.

WARNING

The cab is not intended for passenger transport, which is why it lacks a seat and seat belt for passengers. There is a risk of fatal accident for passengers!
7 Engine

7.1 Engine, identification

7.1.1 Type plates

See 1.11.6 *Type plate for the diesel engine*, page 12.

The machine’s chassis number (engine type and number are normally connected to the chassis number) must be stated when ordering spare parts.

If the engine's type plate is not legible, the engine's serial number can also be read from the engine block on top of the lubricating oil cooler housing.

The injection pump's type plate is attached to the pump and shows the following information:

- Pump serial number
- Cummins part number
- Factory code
- Bosch part number
- Date code

7.1.2 Cylinder numbering

The cylinders are numbered in sequence from the engine end where the cooling fan and the drive belts are mounted.

Cylinder no. 1 is therefore located closest to the fan, cylinder no. 4 is located closest to the flywheel.

7.2 Engine, component position

7.2.1 General

For additional information, see the workshop manual and the engine supplier's documentation.
7.2.2 Component position, air intake end

Fig. 117 Component position, air intake end

1. Pressure sensor, fuel distributor
2. Flywheel
3. Exhaust
4. Air filter
5. Intake Intercooler
6. Bosch fuel pump
7. Flywheel housing
8. Oil filter
9. Fuel, primary filter
10. Fuel prefilter
11. Oil sump drain plug
12. Dipstick
13. Electronic control module (ECM)
14. Air intake from air filter
7.2.3 Component position, fan side

1. Oil pressure contact
2. Engine speed sensor (camshaft)
3. Engine speed sensor (crankshaft)
4. Coolant inlet
5. Drive belt tensioner
6. Coolant pump
7. Coolant compressor, air conditioning system
8. Generator
9. Coolant outlet
10. Coolant temperature sensor
11. Fuel pressure sensor

Fig. 118 Component position, fan side
7.2.4 Component position, flywheel side

Fig. 119 Component position, flywheel side

1. Turbocharger exhaust outlet
2. Turbocharger air intake
3. Air outlet to intercooler
4. Starter
5. Oil filler cap
6. Air filter sensor
7. Crankcase ventilation filter
7.3 Fuel system

7.3.1 General

The fuel system is a Common rail system with a high pressure pump which, via a distributor, provides electrically-controlled diffusers with fuel at a very high pressure.

The fuel pump also circulates the fuel through a fuel filter and primary filter, which is why the tank is fitted with a fuel supply line and a return line.

The prefilter has inbuilt sensors which alert GreControl when draining is required.

For service and maintenance intervals for the engine's fuel system, see the Service and maintenance manual.

For additional information, see the workshop manual and the engine supplier's documentation.

⚠️ CAUTION

The high pressure fuel lines from the fuel pump and the fuel distributor on the engine contain fuel at very high pressure. Never loosen the pipe couplings or similar in the high pressure section of the fuel system, or when carrying out a service or bleeding the system. Risk of injury or damage to the machine!
7.3.2 Filling fuel

There are three options when it comes to refilling fuel:

- The fuel is filled via the filling line on the rear right hand side of the forwarder. Remove the lockable tank cap and fill from a fuel can, for example. The fuel tank cap is vented using a check valve so that the fuel does not run out if the machine capsizes.

- A 24 V outlet (1) is included as standard under the cover to operate an external fuel pump.

- As an optional extra, the machine can be fitted with an automatic fuel pump, see Fig. 120 Filling fuel, page 144. Connect the filling hose to the 1/2" quick connection and start the pump by pressing the ON button (2). The tank is fitted with a level monitor which automatically stops the pump. It is also possible to manually stop the pump by pressing the OFF button.

**NOTICE**

Ignition has to be activated to be able to use the automatic fuel pump.

**CAUTION**

Fill with fuel with the engine turned off but with the main power switch and ignition on.
Never leave the machine unattended.
7.3.3 Fuel prefilter

The fuel prefilter is mounted, as shown in the figure, on the left side of the tractor under the cab.

Draining

GreControl will trigger a warning if there is water in the fuel prefilter!

- Stop the engine!
- Tilt up the cab.
- Hold a container under the filter.
- Turn the filter 3 or 4 turns.
- Lower the screw about 25 mm and drain off the fuel into the container.
- Allow it to run freely until the fuel looks clean.
- To stop the draining, push up the screw and turn until it comes to a stop.

**NOTICE**

Do not overtighten the valve in the fuel prefilter as this can damage the threads.

Air bleeding the fuel system

The fuel system is bled using the pump handle on the fuel pre-filter, which is mounted behind the frame on the left side of the engine carriage under the cab.

Vent the fuel system as follows:

1. Tip up the cab to access the pump handle.
2. Unscrew the pump handle.
3. Use the pump handle to pump for approx. 3 minutes or until you can hear fuel streaming back to the fuel tank, this is indicated by the fuel tank making a weak noise.
4. Try to start the engine.

If the engine doesn’t start, repeat step 3 again. If the engine doesn’t start at the second attempt, contact your service dealer.
7.3.4 Draining the fuel tank’s sediment trap

The fuel tank sediment trap must be drained as a part of regular preventative maintenance. The fuel tank’s drain plug is located in the bottom of the tank, in the front left-hand corner. Remove the required panels to gain access.

- Place a container under the tank.
- Undo the plug and let the fuel run into the container until it is free from water and dirt.

7.4 Lubrication system

7.4.1 General

Service and maintenance intervals for the engine’s lubrication system are outlined in the service and maintenance manual.

For additional information, see the workshop manual and the engine supplier’s documentation.
7.4.2 Checking oil level

1. Park the machine on a level surface. Warm engine: switch off engine, wait 15 minutes and check the oil level. Cold engine: check the oil level.

2. Pull out the dipstick.

3. Wipe the dipstick clean with a clean, non-fibrous cloth.

4. Reinsert the dipstick all the way in and pull it out again while turning it.

5. Check the oil level, and if required top up with oil to the H-mark.

If the oil level is just above the L-mark, it should be topped up.

The amount of oil between L and H is around 2 litres.

**NOTICE**

Never operate the engine with the oil level below the L level or above the H level. Poor engine performance or engine damage may result.

7.4.3 Refilling engine oil

Pour the oil into the filling opening (1).

**Lubricating oils**

**Quality grades**

See the service and maintenance manual for details of recommended oils.

If in doubt contact your service dealer.

7.5 Cooling system

7.5.1 General

Service and maintenance intervals for the cooling system are outlined in the service and maintenance manual.
7 Engine
7.5 Cooling system

For additional information, see the workshop manual and the engine supplier's documentation.

---

**CAUTION**

There is an overpressure in the cooling system when the engine is hot. Hot coolant may spurt out and cause burns in the cases of any leaks or when the expansion tank filler cap is opened. Do not remove the cap if the coolant temperature is greater than 50°C. Glycol is harmful to the environment and toxic if swallowed.

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### 7.5.2 Checking the coolant level

The system is filled with coolant using the expansion tank. The coolant level is checked in the expansion tank’s sight glass; the level should be in the middle of the glass scale.

Top up, if necessary, using the correct blend of water and glycol.

---

**CAUTION**

There is an overpressure in the cooling system when the engine is hot. Hot coolant may spurt out and cause burns in the cases of any leaks or when the expansion tank filler cap is opened. Do not remove the cap if the coolant temperature is greater than 50°C. Glycol is harmful to the environment and toxic if swallowed.

---

**NOTICE**

If the coolant level is too low, the engine may be damaged.

---

### 7.5.3 Checking the coolant freezing point

The coolant freezing point is checked by using a refractometer. Use a mixture of 50% water and 50% antifreeze to keep the engine protected down to -32°C, all the year round!

---

**NOTICE**

Too high a concentration or too low glycol content can cause engine damage!
**NOTICE**

Do not mix ethylene glycol and propylene glycol. If you have the slightest doubt, pour out, clean and refill with a new mixture.

**NOTICE**

Before draining, the engine must be switched off and the filler cap removed.
7.6 Air filtration system

7.6.1 General

The air filter on all Gremo machines has an air filter indicator which measures the pressure drop in the filter and therefore triggers an alarm in the control system, GreControl.

The air filter must therefore only be replaced when the control system alerts you to do so. When alerted, replace the external or internal filter alternately each time.

**NOTICE**

In order for the engine to start, the air filter’s intake opening must be kept clear of dirt, snow and ice.
8 Transmission system and gearbox

8.1 General

The gearbox in Gremo 1050F is a mechanical transmission dropbox with two speeds. The gearbox has two gears and develops a variable torque that is easily controlled using the potentiometer on the left armrest panel.
9 Electrical system

9.1 General

The machine is equipped with a 24 V electrical system with negative earth. The system consists of a 110 A AC alternator, two 12 V batteries connected in series, a main switch, various fuse groups, switches and loads such as lights, crane, fire extinguishing equipment etc.

9.2 Batteries

The batteries are located in the right branch deflector. The batteries are connected in series to provide a combined voltage of 24 V.

9.3 Activation of main power switch

The power switch (main power switch) is located on the side panel (1) in the cab. With the main power switch activated, the machine is live, when it is turned off (Note: does not apply to emergency stops) the timer relay K10 will maintain power for approx. 60 seconds so that the engine’s control unit can reset itself.

The diesel heater can be operated without the main power switch being activated.

Always disconnect the power supply via the main power switch when you leave your machine.
9.4 Component position of fuse groups and relays

Fig. 136 Position of distribution boxes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pos.</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Fuses</th>
<th>Relay</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Right engine compartment</td>
<td>F51-F60, F99-F101</td>
<td>K30–31 K60 (at rear)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Distribution box, left side of cab</td>
<td>F1 - F50</td>
<td>K1 - K25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Batteries in the right branch deflector</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 9.4.1 Fuse list, right engine compartment

![Fuse list: right engine compartment](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuse</th>
<th>Nominal current [A]</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F51</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Main fuse for fuses F12, F24, F46, F49, F50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F52</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Diesel heater</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F53</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Back-up 00 002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F54</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Cummins engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F55</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>Tank pump for hydraulic oil, vacuum pump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F56</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>24 V Outlet, tank pump for diesel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F57</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Generator battery sensing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F58</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Cab tilt pump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F59</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Back-up 00 003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F60</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Blocking acc. load during start-up</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9 Electrical system
9.4 Component position of fuse groups and relays

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuse</th>
<th>Nominal current [A]</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F99</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Main fuse for power relay K31, starter motor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F100</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>Main fuse for power relay K60, pre-heating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F101</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>Main fuse for cab card</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.4.2 Fuse and relay list, distribution box in cab

![Distribution box in cab](image)

**Fig. 138 Distribution box in cab**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuse</th>
<th>Nominal current [A]</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Operation of ECU, charge indicator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F2</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>Position lights, backlit symbol in switch, working lights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F3</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Heater fan, water valve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Misc. valves, air filter/differential/all-wheel drive indicator, damping</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Urea level, float mode bogie</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Component position of fuse groups and relays

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuse</th>
<th>Nominal current [A]</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F6</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>Driving lights, main beam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F7</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>Driving lights, dipped beam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F8</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Armrest panels, crane levers, digital keys for IQAN, seat position, pedals, lever control, emergency brake rear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F9</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>IQAN-MD4 Display, XS-A0 Sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F10</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>IQAN-XA2-A0 Crane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F11</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>IQAN-XA2-A1 Pump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F12</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>Hazard warning lights, main power cutout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F13</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Operation of starting relay, relief relays K1-K3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F14</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Driving lights F6, F7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F15</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>Winch/Gate operation, operator’s seat tilt, interior lighting, mechanic’s lamp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F16</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Windshield wipers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>Indicators, signal horn, seat heater</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F18</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>Supply, hydraulic motor sensors, gear guard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F19</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Dasa Operational follow-up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F20</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>Rotating warning light, food heater</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F21</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>IQAN-XA2-A2 Brake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F22</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Radio, 24/12 V converter, phone, 12 V cab socket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F23</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>24 V cab socket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F24</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>IQAN-MD4, timer for diesel heater, DASA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F25</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Left position lights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F26</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Right position lights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse</td>
<td>Nominal current [A]</td>
<td>Function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F27</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>Back-up, after ignition lock, tilt sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F28</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>Back-up, before ignition lock, PC-ECU socket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F29</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Extra box A8:18, A14:16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F30</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Working lights roof, front</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F31</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Working lights roof, left side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F32</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Working lights roof, right side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F33</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Working lights low, left side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F34</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Working lights low, right side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F35</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Working lights roof/cab rear, left side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F36</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Working lights roof/cab rear, right side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F37</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Working lights, carriage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F38</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Working lights, crane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F39</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Free roof ramp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F40</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Free roof ramp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F41</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>After ignition on A14:13, 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F42</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>After ignition on A14:7, 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F43</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>After ignition on A14:3, 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F44</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Before ignition on A14:1, 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F45</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Before ignition on A14:4, 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F46</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Battery voltage A14:10, 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F47</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>After ignition on K17:30, A14:18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F48</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>After ignition on K18:30, A14:19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 9.4 Component position of fuse groups and relays

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuse</th>
<th>Nominal current [A]</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F49</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Fire</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F50</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Heater setting, Climate system</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10 Hydraulic system

10.1 General

The machine is equipped with a joint hydraulic system for the hydrostatic transmission (forward drive) and working hydraulics supplying the crane, steering, ladder, differential locks, parking brake and extra equipment, the engagement and disengagement of all-wheel drive with oil. The pumps in this system are located at the rear of the diesel engine.

Service and maintenance intervals for the hydraulic system are outlined in the service and maintenance chapter.

10.1.1 Hydraulic system, component position

Fig. 139 Hydraulic system "Linde", component position of pumps

1. Working hydraulics pump
2. Hydrostatic pump
3. Valve bank working hydraulics
4. Cooling fan pump
5. Hydraulic oil cooler
6. Hydraulic tank
7. Return filter
Fig. 140 Hydraulic system "Rexroth", component position

1. Hydraulic oil cooler
2. Cooling fan engine
3. Cooling fan pump
4. Valve block cab suspension
5. Hydrostatic motor
6. Valve block for parking brake, diff front and rear, all-wheel drive, ladder
7. Return filter
8. Kleen oil filter
9. Valve bank working hydraulics
10. Hydraulic oil tank
11. Brake accumulators
12. Fan control block
13. Working hydraulics pump
14. Transmission pump
Hydraulic oil level check

The hydraulic oil level is checked either in the sight glass on the hydraulic tank’s left side or in GreControl.

In the sight glass the level should be between the marks. Top up with oil if the level is too low. See the service and maintenance section for volumes and quality, volume specifications and oil recommendations. GreControl triggers an alarm if the hydraulic oil level drops below the factory-set alarm level. (See Chapter 4, Instruments and controls and Engine transmission and crane control system)

**NOTICE**

When changing the hydraulic oil, the return filter and breather filter should also be replaced at the same time.

Refilling hydraulic oil

**NOTICE**

When filling up with hydraulic oil, the machine must be on a level surface. Do not mix different types of hydraulic oil; check which type of oil the machine is already using before topping up.

The hydraulic oil tank (1) is filled using an electric refilling pump (2). By inserting the filling hose (3) in the oil drum with new hydraulic oil, the oil passes through the return filter (4) before it enters the hydraulic tank.

Press the right-hand start button (7) on the control panel (5) to start the refilling pump and when the oil level reaches the maximum level the pump stops. Press (6) to manually stop the pump. The switch (8) controls the diesel filling pump and (9) controls the vacuum pump (OPTION).

**NOTICE**

New oil in new barrels or cans is seldom clean enough to fulfil the requirements. All filling of hydraulic oils should therefore be done with the electric refilling pump.

**NOTICE**

Never fill hydraulic oil directly at the cap. Dirty and unfiltered hydraulic oil may cause damage to the machine!
**NOTICE**

Oil drums standing outdoors collect water in the lid, and this water can run down into the oil.

Water-damaged oil results in machine breakdown.

Store oil drums lying horizontally under a roof.
11 Crane

11.1 General

This chapter provides an overview of the crane and how to maintain it. Refer to the crane-specific instruction manual that comes with the machine for more detailed information.

11.2 Washing the crane

**NOTICE**

When high-pressure washing the crane, the water jet must not be directed towards the connection points of the crane column or the crane base! Risk of water penetration and corrosion damage!

11.3 Periodic checks and maintenance

Perform checks and lubrication at repeated stages during work. In this way you will extend the lifespan and minimise unnecessary downtime of your crane equipment. See the Service and maintenance manual.

11.4 Reach for each crane

Crane reach, see 13.14 Cranes, page 187.

By turning the carriage outwards, the reach is increased by 0.5 m.

11.5 Lubricating the boom

The boom should be serviced regularly in accordance with the maintenance schedule. See the Service and maintenance manual.

11.6 Crane instruction manual

The instruction manual and spare parts catalogue for the crane are delivered separately.
12 Other equipment and optional equipment

12.1 Diesel heater Webasto Thermo 50/90

12.1.1 General

The heater is connected to the regular heating system of the machine. A separate water pump circulates the coolant through a heat exchanger where the water is heated and then led to the cab and the engine. The cab is heated by the regular heating fan of the machine. The heater works in intervals with a thermostat which first raises the temperature in the engine to approx. 40°C before the fan in the cab starts.

**NOTICE**

Note that the heater causes a load on the batteries!

**NOTICE**

When the heater is used as a parking heater it will use up part of the battery capacity. This happens especially in cold weather and when the battery is already heavily strained. Because of this, it is recommended to run the engine for at least the same duration as the heater has been active. Furthermore the battery should be checked and charged if necessary.

Run the heater at least once per week, even during the summer. This will prevent non-circulating fuel from vapourising and leaving coatings which may cause operating problems.

12.1.2 Operating problems

If the heater doesn’t start:

1. Check the fuses, see 9 Electrical system, page 153. Check also fuse F3 (heater fan, water valve). If this fuse is broken, then the heater will still start and heat the diesel engine, but there will be no hot air in the operator’s cab.
2. Check the automatic overheating thermostat.
3. Check that cables and fuel hoses have not come loose.
4. Ensure that the battery has enough capacity.
5. Check the glow plug.
6. Contact your service dealer.
The heater will automatically switch off if the combustion doesn’t start during startup or if flame failure occurs during operation. The flame detector will sense this and the heater will attempt to start again. Only if this second attempt fails too, the heater will be switched off.

### 12.1.3 Error codes Thermo 50

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F 00</td>
<td>Error or locking in the heater – contact Gremo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 01</td>
<td>No start (after 2 starting attempts)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 02</td>
<td>Flame failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 03</td>
<td>Voltage too low or too high</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 04</td>
<td>Flame detection comes too early</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 05</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 06</td>
<td>Faulty coolant temperature sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 07</td>
<td>Faulty circulation pump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 08</td>
<td>Faulty combustion air fan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 09</td>
<td>Faulty glow plug</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 10</td>
<td>Overheating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 11</td>
<td>Faulty circulation pump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 12</td>
<td>Faulty main switch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 13</td>
<td>Error in machine fan control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 14</td>
<td>Faulty overheating sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 15</td>
<td>Faulty glow/ignition circuit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 16</td>
<td>Exhaust temperature too high</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F 17</td>
<td>Faulty exhaust temperature sensor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 12.2 Air conditioning system

The air conditioning system distributes air as set in the air conditioning panel, see 4.8 Functions on the control panel of the air conditioning system, page 64.

The air conditioning system consists of an air conditioner package that contains a heating element and a heat sink, a fan package and a control unit. A water valve opens depending on the hot water setting in the heating element. The AC compressor generates the coolant for the heat sink if (4) is on.
12.2.1 Air conditioning system, components

1. Complete air conditioning package
2. -
3. Drying filter
4. Block valve
5. Water valve
6. Condenser
7. AC compressor

12.2.2 Troubleshooting the air conditioning system

**NOTICE**

Special authorisation is required by the person refilling the refrigerant in the air conditioning system (observe national and local regulations).

- The fuses that protect the air conditioning system are F54 and F3, and relay K9 (See section 9.2 and the F3/9 wiring diagram).
- Coolant leakage - Inspect all hoses and pressure test the system (carried out by authorised service workshop authorised to handle R134 gas).
- The water valve is not functioning if the system produces maximum heat.
- Contact a Gremo Service shop to troubleshoot the control unit.
12.3 Fire extinguishing system

12.3.1 How the Fogmaker fire extinguishing system works

1. In the event of a fire in the engine compartment, the detector coil will burn off.
2. The system activates both a visible and audible alarm signal in the alarm panel.
3. Flashing warning lamp in the cab roof.
4. The fire extinguisher tank is triggered if the semi-automation is disconnected:
   • by pressing the emergency stop,
   • turning off the machine using the ignition key or
   • by activating the parking brake.
5. The fire extinguisher tank is automatically activated if the fire extinguishing system is in fully automatic mode (i.e. there is power supply to the machine and the parking brake is activated or the machine has no current supply).

12.3.2 Actions in the event of fire

- In the event of a fire, the detector coil will burn off and the system will generate both a visible and audible alarm signal (diode + buzzer in the alarm panel (2) and a flashing warning lamp (7) in the cab roof).
12 Other equipment and optional equipment

12.3 Fire extinguishing system

- Stop the machine’s engine with the emergency stop (5 or 6) or by switching off the ignition (1).
- Be prepared with the handheld fire extinguisher located inside the cab (4) or on the left side of the crane tower (3) to tackle any resurgence of the fire.

12.3.3 False alarm, pressure drops below 14 bar but remains above 6 bar

The system activates both a visible and audible alarm signal in the alarm panel but the fire extinguisher tank is not triggered.

Disabling the alarm, fire extinguishing system

- If you have verified that it is a false alarm, the alarm can be disabled.
- Disconnect main fuse F49 in the circuit board for the cab.

Fig. 148 Cab circuit board

- In order to ensure that the fire extinguisher tank is not accidentally deployed, fit the safety screw.

The safety screw must be fitted when servicing and transporting pressurised containers. Let the safety screw hang by the wire when it is not inserted.

Refit main fuse F49 and unscrew the safety screw so that the system becomes operational again.

Fig. 149 Fire extinguishing system, safety screw
12.3.4 **Actions after the fire**

- Check that the fire has been properly extinguished. Use additional extinguishers if necessary.
- Disable main fuse F49 to switch off the alarm.
- Do not start the machine until the cause of the fire has been established and any faults are rectified. You are required to observe and follow the instruction signs on the machine.
- The fire extinguishing system must be inspected once a year by authorised service personnel. Check this with your insurance company.

**NOTICE**

If the fire extinguishing system is triggered or the hand-held fire extinguisher is used.

As soon as possible, try to wash the machine with the high pressure washer and an alkaline cleaning agent. The extinguishing agent contains a salt solution which corrodes the engine parts and the cleaning agent removes the binding agent in the extinguishing foam.

12.3.5 **Component specification**

![Diagram of fire extinguishing system](image)

1. Extinguishing container
2. Detector flask
3. Detector loop
4. Fire extinguishing loop

*Fig. 150 Fire extinguishing system, component placement*
5. Nozzles (9 pcs)  
6. Pressure switch  
7. Alarm siren  
8. Pressure gauge, analogue  
9. Safety screw

### 12.4 Winch

#### 12.4.1 Description and use

**DANGER**

Risk zone for all winching work is at least 70 m  
Never work in the load's area of movement between the load and the winch.

**WARNING**

Do not disengage the winch when it is under load!

The winch is operated by a hydraulic motor connected to the machine's standard system.

The wire is paid out using the Winch out switch (3) and drawn in with the Winch in switch (9) on the left armrest panel.

The winch can be disengaged using a clutch so that the winch drum can free spool. The clutch is released with a double-action air cylinder operated by the Winch release switch (6) on the left armrest panel.

When the winch spools freely, the green indicator lamp by the Winch frees-pooling switch comes on, see 4.4 Left armrest panel functions, page 56.

### 12.5 Cab suspension

As an optional extra, the machine can be fitted with cab suspension to increase operator comfort, see 5.11 Cab suspension, page 93.
12.6 Gremo remote control unit

⚠️ DANGER

The winch (optional equipment) is not approved for suspended loads. If a load is hoisted, e.g. by means of a pulley, it is dangerous to stand under the load.

⚠️ DANGER

All towing or winching with cables entails danger to life. If the wire breaks or the hook slips while you winch, it will result in a whiplash effect. The cable may lash at an angle or backwards along its entire length!

Risk distance 100 m.

⚠️ WARNING

The risk zone when using the machine's remote control is 20 metres.

NOTICE

When working remotely, the work area should be cordoned off and signposted: "DANGER: timber winching"
12.6 Gremo remote control unit

12.6.1 HBC remote control

Enable remote control

1. Turn on the power switch for the rotating warning light on the side panel.
2. Activate it in the IQAN display.
3. Pull out the emergency stop on the transmitter.
4. The remote control is now enabled.

Disable remote control

1. Turn off the engine with the transmitter.
2. Deactivate it in the IQAN display.
3. Turn off the power switch on the side panel.
4. Press in the emergency stop in the transmitter.

Emergency stop function

The two emergency stop buttons on and in the machine work as normal, and disconnect the main power supply.

The emergency stops in the transmitter are enabled when the power switch on the side panel is on; when pressed
the emergency stops disconnect the engine and control
system, the machines' main power supply is on to ensure
lighting stays on.

**Function**

When the transmitter is enabled, most functions are
blocked in the cab for example, levers, pedals and some
critical buttons.

**WARNING**

Enabled remote control! Deactivate the cab lever in the
IQAN display.

The chair brake can still be controlled from the cab.

Ladder and parking brake can be controlled from the cab in **winch mode**, it could be difficult otherwise to get out.

If the ladder is lowered, it is folded up when the engine is
running and **Machine mode** is selected.

If the ladder is up, it is lowered when the **Stop engine**
mode is enabled, the engine stops with a 2 seconds delay.

**Display**

Press 📈 to open the **HBC Radio activation** window.

Press **Active** to activate.

The following warning window is shown when the radio is active.

To activate, first remove the warning ☒, then press 📈, to display the **HBC Radio activation** window. Press **inactive**.

(if the warning ☒ is removed, it will appear again after 20
seconds as long as the radio is activated).
Remote control setting

The page is found under Adjustment.
The following settings are possible:
• Enable or disable the remote control, the same as from the main page
• Speed for off-roading steering
• Working speed for moving machine
• Working speed for winching

FSE510 transmitter functions

Indicators
(D1) Indicates green/red battery status
(D2) Indicates green when the engine is running
(D3) Indicates red when there is an alarm in the machine
(D2) and (D3) flash when the emergency alarm is enabled

Signal (toot)
(S6) machine signal (toot)

Engine
(S3) DMG + (S5) engine start/stop

Winch
(S4) in winch mode
(S1) winch increase/reduce speed
(S2) winch in/out, if the winch is free to spool it is locked when in/out is enabled
(S3) winch free spooling/locked

Machine
(S4) in machine mode
Machine operation requires additional safety so (S3) DMG must therefore be enabled when moving the machine.
(S1) off-road steering left/right
(S2) operation forward/backward
(S6) AUX + (S1) to increase/decrease the set machine speed
## 12.6.2 Function matrix

![Remote control unit diagram](image)

### A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicators</th>
<th>D1</th>
<th>D2</th>
<th>D3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All modes</td>
<td>Battery status</td>
<td>Engine running</td>
<td>Machine alarm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Winch</th>
<th>S1</th>
<th>S2</th>
<th>S3</th>
<th>S4</th>
<th>S5</th>
<th>S6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Winch increase</td>
<td>Winch out</td>
<td>Winch free</td>
<td>Machine</td>
<td></td>
<td>Signal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Winch reduce</td>
<td>Winch in</td>
<td>DMG</td>
<td>Winch</td>
<td></td>
<td>AUX</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### C

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Winch + DMG</th>
<th>S1</th>
<th>S2</th>
<th>S3</th>
<th>S4</th>
<th>S5</th>
<th>S6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Winch increase</td>
<td>Winch out</td>
<td>Winch free</td>
<td>Machine</td>
<td>Start engine</td>
<td>Signal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Winch reduce</td>
<td>Winch in</td>
<td>DMG</td>
<td>Winch</td>
<td>Stop engine</td>
<td>AUX</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### D

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Winch + AUX</th>
<th>S1</th>
<th>S2</th>
<th>S3</th>
<th>S4</th>
<th>S5</th>
<th>S6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Winch tilt up</td>
<td>Winch out</td>
<td>Winch free</td>
<td>Machine</td>
<td></td>
<td>Signal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 12 Other equipment and optional equipment

#### 12.6 Gremo remote control unit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Winch tilt down</th>
<th>Winch in</th>
<th>DMG</th>
<th>Winch</th>
<th>AUX</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Machine S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 S6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td>Machine right</td>
<td>Machine forward</td>
<td>Machine</td>
<td>Start engine</td>
<td>Signal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>Machine left</td>
<td>Machine backward</td>
<td>DMG</td>
<td>Winch</td>
<td>Stop engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Machine + DMG S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 S6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td>Machine increase</td>
<td>Blade down</td>
<td>Machine</td>
<td>Start engine</td>
<td>Signal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>Machine decrease</td>
<td>Blade up</td>
<td>DMG</td>
<td>Winch return to repository</td>
<td>Stop engine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The receiver is activated together with the rotating warning light, the transmitter is then activated by means of .

When the transmitter is enabled, most functions are blocked in the cab for example, levers, pedals and some critical buttons.

The chair brake can still be controlled from the cab.

The ladder and parking brake can be controlled from the cab in Winch mode, it could be difficult otherwise to get out.

If the ladder is lowered, it is folded up when the engine is running and **Machine mode** is selected.

If the ladder is up, it is lowered when the **Stop engine** mode is activated, the engine stops with a 2 seconds’ delay.
13 Technical data

13.1 Dimensions, side view

Fig. 155 Side view 1050F

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Combination</th>
<th>A Front carriage</th>
<th>B Rear carriage</th>
<th>C Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard configuration: long front carriage + short rear carriage (LK)</td>
<td>2550</td>
<td>1774</td>
<td>8390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long front carriage + Long rear carriage (LL)</td>
<td>2550</td>
<td>2209</td>
<td>8825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short front carriage + Long rear carriage</td>
<td>2300</td>
<td>2209</td>
<td>8575</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short front carriage + Short rear carriage</td>
<td>2300</td>
<td>1774</td>
<td>8140</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13.2 Dimensions, front view

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dimension</th>
<th>Measurement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Width including tyres 600 x 22.5</td>
<td>2,580 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width including tyres 650 x 22.5</td>
<td>2,630 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width including tyres 700 x 22.5</td>
<td>2,730 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground clearance</td>
<td>580 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height, highest point of cab</td>
<td>3,405 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fig. 156 View from the front 1050F

13.3 Weight

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weight Type</th>
<th>Measurement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net weight</td>
<td>11,760 - 12,650 kg depending on equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. weight</td>
<td>22,790 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. load capacity</td>
<td>10.5 tonnes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tractor weight</td>
<td>7,940 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carriage weight</td>
<td>4,350 kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13.4 Volumes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part</th>
<th>Total volume (litre)</th>
<th>Replacement volume (litre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine</td>
<td>11, with filter replacement*</td>
<td>10, without filter replacement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooling system</td>
<td>about 20</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hub reductions</td>
<td>2.4 x 8</td>
<td>2.4 x 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential</td>
<td>8.0 x 2</td>
<td>8.0 x 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bogie cases</td>
<td>9.0 x 4</td>
<td>9.0 x 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13.5 Engine

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part</th>
<th>Total volume (litre)</th>
<th>Replacement volume (litre)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gearbox</td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>3.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydraulic system</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel tank</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crane base Loglift F59</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crane base, crane Cranab FC8</td>
<td>5.6</td>
<td>5.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cab tilt pump</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*) incl. the oil in the filter

See the Service and maintenance manual to select the correct oil.

13.6 Transmission/Axles

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transmission type</th>
<th>2-step manual gearbox</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gear 1:</td>
<td>about 0 - 8.5 km/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gear 2:</td>
<td>about 0 - 25 km/h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Power distribution

Mechanical power distribution to identical gearwheel bogies. Planetary gear on each wheel. Disengageable drive on carriage.
### 13.7 Brake system

Four electro-hydraulically activated multi-disc brakes in oil bath in the front and rear differentials. Braking force 136 kN.

Transmission brake which gives the same braking force as the tractive force.

Emergency brake which affects all disc brakes, automatically engaged when in neutral.

The parking brake comes on if pressure drops below 15 bar. Mechanically released when pressurisation occurs.

Meets the requirements as per 76/432 EEC and ISO 11169:1993. Tested according to VVFS 2003:17 of SP 25.02.08 on machine 9533.

### 13.8 Steering

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Steering servo control via hydraulic orbitrol valve plus electrical proportional off-road steering. Meets requirements according to 75/321 EEC.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Steering torque</td>
<td>Max. 42 kNm gross</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering angle</td>
<td>+/- 44°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turning radius</td>
<td>min.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 13.9 Electrical system

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>24 V system, two 12 V batteries connected in series</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Capacity</td>
<td>2 x 100 Ah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generator</td>
<td>110 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starter</td>
<td>3.7 kW</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 13.10 Lights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Driving lights</th>
<th>Full and dipped beam in the front branch deflector, plus extra full beam light in cab ceiling. Rear lights and brakes in rear light ramp plus extra hanging rear light ramp.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Position lights</td>
<td>In the dipped beam lamp and integrated in the rear mirror consoles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directional indicator light</td>
<td>In the rear mirror consoles and in the rear light ramps.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Working lights</td>
<td>15 x 35 W Xenon incl. 1 in the rear light ramp and 2x2 lamps in the low side light unit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 13.11 Working hydraulics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Load sensing hydraulic system with variable pump and full-flow recycling filter.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pump displacement (cc)</td>
<td>105 variable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Working pressure</td>
<td>235 bar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydraulic tank volume</td>
<td>130 litres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filling system</td>
<td>Electric refilling pump via filter, automatic stop.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 13.12 Load carrier

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Three detachable bunks with separate supports.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The two rearmost bunks are adjustable.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydraulically operated folding gate (electrically controlled)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load area</td>
<td>3.5 m²/4.3 m²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load capacity</td>
<td>10.5 tonnes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 13.13 Cab

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Welded construction with roll profiled A, B and C posts in high-durability steel. Tested and approved as per EN ISO 3449, 8083 and 8084 (ROPS, FOPS, OPS).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suspension</td>
<td>4 fluid-filled bushings on the underside of the cab. Tilt bar to the right around 60° manual or electric pump.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operator environment</td>
<td>The cab is sound and heat-insulated. Meets requirements as per 77/311EEG.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows</td>
<td>All the windows are made of polycarbonate safety glass.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency exit</td>
<td>Opening side window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windshield wipers</td>
<td>Intermittent wiper with parallel drive. Front and rear. Optional extras include side wipers and windscreen washer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operator’s seat</td>
<td>Air-sprung electrically-heated operator’s seat with electrical seat brake.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air conditioning system</td>
<td>Fully-automatic heating and cooling.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other equipment</td>
<td>Radio/CD player with two speakers. Vision camera, front/rear, with colour monitor. sunshade in top of rear window.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# 13.14 Cranes

## 13.14.1 Cranab FC8

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spec</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reach</td>
<td>9.2 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross lifting torque</td>
<td>87 kNm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lifting force at crane end at 9.2 m at 3 m</td>
<td>5.4 kN, 17.7 kN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross slewing torque</td>
<td>22 kNm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slew angle</td>
<td>370°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight excluding grapple and rotator (2 m pillar)</td>
<td>1,350 kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13.14.2 Cranab FC53 6.5 m

Fig. 158 Crane FC53 6.5 m Side view

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reach</td>
<td>6.5 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lifting force at 6.5 m</td>
<td>6.2 kN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>at 5.0 m</td>
<td>8.2 kN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>at 3.0 m</td>
<td>12.5 kN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross lifting torque</td>
<td>53 kNm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross slewing torque</td>
<td>12.0 kNm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slewing angle</td>
<td>380°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight excluding grapple</td>
<td>820 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rotator weight GV 12-2</td>
<td>58 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grapple weight, Hultdins SG200</td>
<td>115 kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13.14.3 Mesera Loglift F59 FT85

Fig. 159 Crane F59 8.5 Side view

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reach</td>
<td>8.43 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lifting force at 8.4 m</td>
<td>5.8 kN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>at 3.0 m</td>
<td>16.5 kN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross lifting torque</td>
<td>78 kNm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross slewing torque</td>
<td>21.9 kNm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slewing angle</td>
<td>380°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight excluding grapple</td>
<td>1,215 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rotator weight GV 12-2</td>
<td>58 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grapple weight, Hultdins SG260</td>
<td>180 kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13.14.4 Winch technical data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Max. pressure</th>
<th>Max. oil volume</th>
<th>Max. traction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6-tonnes winch (short rear carriage)</td>
<td>180 bar</td>
<td>75 l/min.</td>
<td>6 tonnes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150 bar</td>
<td>150 bar</td>
<td>60 l/min.</td>
<td>8 tonnes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When used, the cable and cable locks must be checked. The cable should be discarded when:

- the cable is worn down to more than 10% of its nominal diameter
- when a single wire thread is worn to more than 1/3 of the wire diameter
• the number of wire thread breaks per twisted length exceeds 10
• the cable has a kink in it
• the cable is flattened
• the wires in a strand are broken, bent, or have come loose from the cable
• the cable is damaged by rust, chemical corrosion or other reasons

If the cable is replaced, the new cable must have the same specifications as the discarded one.

The winch must be inspected by the supplier or an expert at the time of sale and at least once per year.
13.15 Gremo's warranty

GREMOS ALLMÄNNA GARANTIÅTAGANDE 13.01

1. GREMO lämnar avtalad köpare garanti, att levererad fabriksny maskin är fri från fel och brister med avseende på konstruktion, material och tillverkning.

Om köparen vidarelägger eller hyr ut godset gäller garantin endast i den mån GREMO utfört särskild skriftlig garantiförbindelse.


3. För nytt eller i utbyte levererat gods, vilket tillhandahållits av GREMO på grund av i Maskin 03 p. 26 åt övriga orsak, lämnas garanti endast så lång tid som återstår av den ursprungliga garantitiden.

4. För av GREMO ej tillverkade tillvalsräknings kan undantag förekomma. Sådana undantag noteras på köpekontrakts framsida, och/eller framgår av orderbekräftelse eller meddelas i separat skrivelse.

5. Garantin omfattar ej:
   - felställningar, justeringar och reparationer som köparen på egen hand kan utföra.
   - normala förslitningstidningar till exempel däck, alla förekommande typer av släng och slängskydd, cylindertätningar, vätskor och filter, klimatmara, kvivverktyg, sägsvärds, lamper, rutor, släskydd med mera.
   - fel understigande 500:- SEK exklusive arbetstid, restid och resersattning.

6. Garantin gäller inte vid skador som åtsakats godset vid fastkörning, fastfrösning eller bärning.

7. Garantitiden förlängs inte på grund av stillestånd orsakat av fel eller brist i levererat gods. Ej heller lämnas ersättning för stillestånd i samband med garantisering.

8. GREMO är inte skyldig att utge ersättning för personskada eller skada på egendom som ej omfattas av avtalet, ej heller för utebliven vinst, produktionsbesvikt, indirekt skada eller annan följdska.

9. Vid köp av begagnat gods är det köparens plicht att noga undersöka godset. GREMO svarar för godsets beskaffenhet endast i den mån särskild garantiutbåtelse utfärdats.

10. GREMO:s ansvar för fel eller brist i varum är helt begränsat till Gremos Garantiansvar enligt vad som ovan anges. Köparen kan således inte göra gällande något annat ansvar eller andra påföljder än vad som följer av garantierna.

Undertecknad har mottagit ovanstående leverans/garantibestämmelser Maskin 03 och Gremos allmänna garantibestämmelser 13.01 och är införstådd med dess innebörd.

Köpare
13.16 EC declaration

Tillverkardeklaration

Bilaga 2A Maskin Direktivet 2006/42/EC

Tillverkare:

Gremo AB
Box 44
S-310 61 ÄTRAN
tel: +46 346 60515

Vi försäkrar härmed att Skotaren GREMO 1050F, tillverkningsår 201604 med chassisnr 61104 har följande tekniska data:

- Garanterad last på främre axel: 14850 Kg
- Garanterad last på främre axel: 14850 Kg
- Tomvikt för kpl fordon std utrustad: 12600 Kg
- Max tillåten totalvikt: 22790 Kg
- Maxeffekt enligt DIN standard: 119 KW
- Tankvolyms, diesel: 120 L
- Konstruerad max fart på väg: 25 Km/h

a) Uppfyller de grundläggande säkerhetskraven i maskindirektivet 2006/42/EG

b) Uppfyller kraven i sär direktiven:
- 2009/63/EG, (ljudnivå enl SMP testprotokoll 5F003152) (se också Nationell std VVFS 2003:17)
- 2009/59/EG samt tillämpliga sär direktiv under 2003/37/EG

c) Följer och uppfyller de harmoniserade standarderna:
- 8082:2003(ROPS, SMP-PM89787/06
- 8084:2004(OPS, SMP-PM82580/05
- 11169:1993(Bromssystem) enl SMP testprotokoll SMP-PM-FX206788
- EN-ISO 14861 Säkerhetskrav på skogsmaskiner
- EN ISO 11112 Arbetstol och EN ISO 6683 Säkerhetsbälte

d) Uppfyller kraven enl nationella standarder:
- 2003:17 Ljudnivå (enl SMP-testprotokoll 5F003152)

e) Följande komponenter är inbyggda och uppfyller isig kraven enl bilaga 2B: 2006/42

Motor Cummins QS84.5 Typ godkännande Nr e11*97/68MA *2010/26*1593*01, SerieNo 2274997
Kran Cranab FC8DT SerialNo X15602

Gremo AB Production department